

# RS300-E9-PS4 RS300-E9-RS4

# **1U Rackmount Server User Guide**



E13709 Revised Edition V5 December 2017

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### **Notices**

### Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

# Compliance Statement of Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED)

This device complies with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada licence exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

CAN ICES-3(A)/NMB-3(A)

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### Australia statement notice

From 1 January 2012 updated warranties apply to all ASUS products, consistent with the Australian Consumer Law. For the latest product warranty details, please visit <a href="https://www.asus.com/support/">https://www.asus.com/support/</a>. Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.

If you require assistance please call ASUS Customer Service 1300 2787 88 or visit us at https://www.asus.com/support/.

### **REACH Information**

Complying with the REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals) regulatory framework, we publish the chemical substances in our products at ASUS REACH website at http://csr.asus.com/english/REACH.htm.

### **ASUS Recycling/Takeback Services**

ASUS recycling and takeback programs come from our commitment to the highest standards for protecting our environment. We believe in providing solutions for you to be able to responsibly recycle our products, batteries, other components as well as the packaging materials. Please go to <a href="http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm">http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm</a> for detailed recycling information in different regions.



**DO NOT** throw the motherboard in municipal waste. This product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.



**DO NOT** throw the mercury-containing button cell battery in municipal waste. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the battery should not be placed in municipal waste.

# Safety information

# **Electrical Safety**

- Before installing or removing signal cables, ensure that the power cables for the system
  unit and all attached devices are unplugged.
- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing any additional devices to or from the system, ensure that the
  power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If
  possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your dealer.

### **Operation Safety**

- Any mechanical operation on this server must be conducted by certified or experienced engineers.
- Before operating the server, carefully read all the manuals included with the server package.
- Before using the server, ensure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If any damage is detected, contact your dealer as soon as possible.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Place the server on a stable surface.



This product is equipped with a three-wire power cable and plug for the user's safety. Use the power cable with a properly grounded electrical outlet to avoid electrical shock.

### Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

CAUTION! Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Heavy System

CAUTION! This server system is heavy. Ask for assistance when moving or carrying the system.

# **Optical Drive Safety Information**

### **Laser Safety Information**





To prevent exposure to the optical drive's laser, do not attempt to disassemble or repair the optical drive by yourself. For your safety, contact a professional technician for assistance.

# About this guide

### **Audience**

This user guide is intended for system integrators, and experienced users with at least basic knowledge of configuring a server.

### Contents

This guide contains the following parts:

### 1. Chapter 1: Product Introduction

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

### 2. Chapter 2: Hardware Information

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

### 3. Chapter 3: Installation Options

This chapter describes how to install optional components into the barebone server.

### 4. Chapter 4: Motherboard Information

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the server. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

### 5. Chapter 5: BIOS Setup

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

### 6. Chapter 6: RAID Configuration

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

### 7 Chapter 7: Driver Installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

### Conventions

To ensure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



**DANGER/WARNING:** Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



**CAUTION:** Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



**IMPORTANT:** Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

# **Typography**

**Bold text** Indicates a menu or an item to select.

Italics Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.

<Key> Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than

sign means that you must press the enclosed key.

Example: <Enter> means that you must press

the Enter or Return key.

<Key1>+<Key2>+<Key3> If you must press two or more keys simultaneously,

the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).

Example: <Ctrl>+<Alt>+<Del>

Command Means that you must type the command exactly as

shown, then supply the required item or value

enclosed in brackets.

Example: At the DOS prompt, type the

command line: format A:/S

### References

Refer to the following sources for additional information, and for product and software updates.

#### 1. ASUS Server Web-based Management (ASWM) user guide

This manual tells how to set up and use the proprietary ASUS server management utility.

### 2. ASUS websites

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information for all ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

# **Product Introduction**

This chapter describes the general features of the chassis kit. It includes sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

# 1.1 System package contents

Check your system package for the following items.

Model Name	RS300-E9-PS4, RS300-E9-RS4
Chassis	ASUS R10E 1U Rackmount Chassis
Motherboard	ASUS P10S-C/4L/SYS Server Board
	1 x 400W Single Power Supply (RS300-E9-PS4)
	1+1 450W Redundant Power Supply (RS300-E9-RS4)
	4 x Hot-swap 3.5" HDD trays
Component	1 x SAS/SATA Backplane (BP4LX12G-35-R10E)
	1 x PCI Riser Card (RE16LE8R-R10A)
	1 x Front I/O Board (FPB-R20D)
	4 x System Fans (40 mm x 28 mm)
	1 x RS300-E9 Series Support DVD (with User's Guide)
	1 x ASWM* Enterprise DVD
Accessories	1 x Bag of Screws
	1 x AC Power Cable (RS300-E9-PS4)
	2 x AC Power Cable (RS300-E9-RS4)
	ASUS PIKE II card
Optional Items	ASUS ASMB8-iKVM Remote management card
Optional items	DVD-ROM/DVD-RW
	1 x Friction Rail Kit

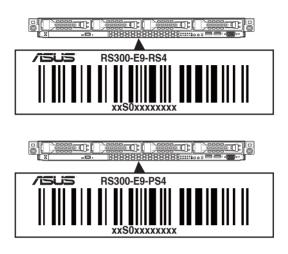
<sup>\*</sup>ASUS System Web-based Management



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

# 1.2 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the product's serial number containing 12 characters such as xxS0xxxxxxx shown as the figure below. With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.



1-3

# 1.3 System specifications

The ASUS RS300-E9 Series is a 1U barebone server system featuring the ASUS P10S-C/4L/ SYS Server Board. The server supports Intel® LGA1150 Intel® Xeon® E3-1200 Processor v5 plus other latest technologies through the chipsets onboard.

Model Name		RS300-E9-PS4	RS300-E9-RS4
Processor / System Bus		1 x Socket LGA1151	,
FIUCESSUI / S	System bus	Intel® Xeon® processor E3-1200 v5	5 product family
Core Logic		Intel® C232 chipset	
	Total Slots	4 (2 Channels)	
	Capacity	Maximum up to 64GB (UDIMM)	
Memory	Memory Type	DDR4 2133 ECC / non-ECC UDIMM  * Refer to ASUS server AVL for the latest update	
	Memory Size	16GB, 8GB, 4GB (UDIMM)  * Refer to ASUS server AVL for the lat	
Expansion	Total PCI/PCI-X/ PCI-E Slots	2	test upuate
Slots	Slot Type	1 x PCI-E x16 (x8 Gen3 link)	
	Slot Type	1 x PCI-E x8 (x8 Gen3 link)	
Disk Controller	SATA Controller	Intel® C232 6 x SATA 6Gb/s ports (4 by miniS/2280/2260/2242, PCIE or SATA si when M.2 is SATA signal) Intel® RSTe (Windows & Linux) (Supports software RAID 0, 1, 10,	gnal, gray SATA port will disable
		Optional:	ш бу
	SAS Controller	ASUS PIKE II 3008 8-port SAS 12G RAID Card ASUS PIKE II 3108 16-port SAS 12G RAID Card	
Storage Bays	I = internal A or S will be hot- swappable	4 x Hot-swap 3.5 in. HDD Bays 2 x SSD Bays	
Networking	LAN	4 x Intel <sup>®</sup> I210 + 1 x Management I	LAN
Graphic	VGA	Aspeed AST2400 32MB	
Onboard I/O Connectors		1 x External Serial Port 5 x RJ-45 ports (1 for ASMB8-iKVM) 4 x USB 3.0 ports (Front x 2, Rear x 2) 2 x USB 2.0 ports (Rear x 2) 2 x VGA port (Front x 1, Rear x 1) 2 x Internal A-Type USB Port 1 x PS/2 keyboard/mouse combo port	

(continued on the next page)

Model Name		RS300-E9-PS4	RS300-E9-RS4	
OS Support		Windows® Server 2012 R2 Windows® Server 2012 Windows® Server 2008 R2 RedHat® Enterprise Linux SuSE® Linux Enterprise Server CentOS VMware Citrix XenServer		
		* Refer to http://www.asus.com/ for t	the latest OS support.	
	Software	ASUS ASWM Enterprise		
Management Solution	Out of Band Remote Management	Optional ASMB8-iKVM for KVM-over-IP		
Dimension (HF	x WW x DD)	615 mm x 444 mm x 43.4 mm		
Net Weight Kg HDD not include	(CPU, DRAM & led)	8.98 Kg	10.64 Kg	
Power Supply		Single 400W 80PLUS Gold Power Supply	1+1 Redundant 450W 80PLUS Gold Power Supply	
Power Rating		100-240VAC, 6-3A, 50-60Hz, Class I 100-127/200-240V, 5.5/3A (x2), 50-60Hz, Class I		
Environment		Operating temperature: 10°C ~ 35°C  Non operating temperature: -40°C ~ 70°C  Non operating humidity: 20% ~ 90% (Non condensing)		

<sup>\*</sup>Specifications are subject to change without notice.

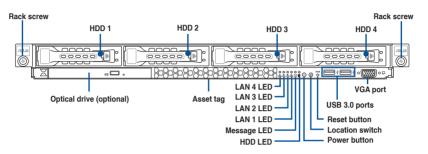
ASUS RS300-E9 Series 1-5

# 1.4 Front panel features

The barebone server displays a simple yet stylish front panel with easily accessible features. The power and reset buttons, LED indicators, slim type optical drive, and two USB ports are located on the front panel.



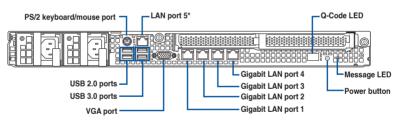
Refer to the Front panel LEDs section for the LED descriptions.



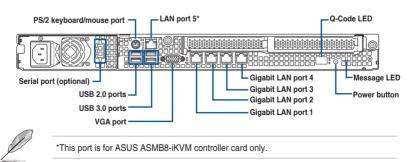
# 1.5 Rear panel features

The rear panel includes the expansion slots, system power socket, and rear fans. The middle part includes the I/O shield with openings for the rear panel connectors on the motherboard.

#### RS300-E9-RS4

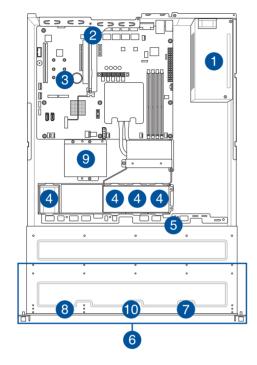


#### RS300-E9-PS4



### 1.6 Internal features

The barebone server includes the basic components as shown.



- Power supply and power fan
- PCI Express slot Riser Card
- ASUS P10S-C/4L/SYS Server Board
- 4. System fans
- 5. SAS / SATA backplane (hidden)
- 6. HDD tray 1-4
- 7. Front I/O boards (hidden)
- 8. Slim-type optical drive
- 9. SSD Cage
- 10. Asset Tag



The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive. Connect a USB floppy disk drive to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk.



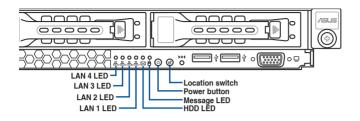
Turn off the system power and detach the power supply before removing or replacing any system component.

WARNING
HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS
KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY

ASUS RS300-E9 Series 1-7

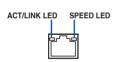
# 1.7 LED information

# 1.7.1 Front panel LEDs



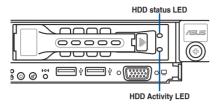
LED	lcon	Display status	Description
Power LED	Ů	ON	System power ON
HDD Access LED	Ö	OFF Blinking	No activity Read/write data into the HDD
Message LED	$\bowtie$	OFF ON	System is normal; no incoming event A hardware monitor event is indicated
Location LED	E	OFF ON	Normal status Location switch is pressed (Press the location switch again to turn off)
LAN LEDs	윪	OFF Blinking ON	No LAN connection LAN is transmitting or receiving data LAN connection is present

# 1.7.2 LAN (RJ-45) LEDs



ACT/LI	NK LED	SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	

# 1.7.3 HDD status LED



SATA/SAS H	SATA/SAS HDD LED Description				
	GREEN	ON	SATA/SAS HDD power ON		
HDD Status	RED	ON	HDD has failed and should be swapped immediately		
LED	GREEN/ RED	Blinking	RAID rebuilding		
	GREEN/ RED	OFF	HDD not found		
HDD Activity LED	GREEN	Blinking	Read/write data from/into the SATA/SAS HDD		

ASUS RS300-E9 Series 1-9

# **Hardware Information**

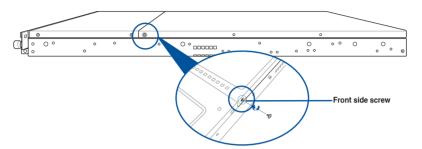
2

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

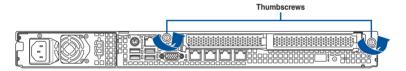
### 2.1 Chassis cover

# Removing the rear cover

Locate and remove the front side screws.



Loosen the two thumbscrews on the rear panel to release the rear cover from the chassis.

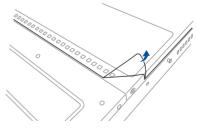


- Firmly hold the cover and slide it toward the rear panel for about half an inch until it is disengaged from the chassis.
- 4. Lift the cover from the chassis.
- 5. To reattach the rear cover, reverse step 1 to 4.





A protection film is pre-attached to the system cover before shipping. Please remove the protection film before turning on the system for proper heat dissipation.



# 2.2 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA1151 socket designed for the Intel® Xeon® E3-1200 v5 processor.

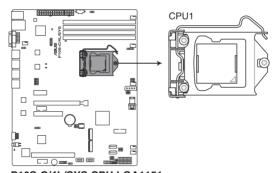


- Upon purchase of the motherboard, ensure that the PnP cap is on the socket and
  the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap
  is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard
  components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/
  transit-related.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

### 2.2.1 Installing the CPU

To install the CPU:

Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.



P10S-C/4L/SYS CPU LGA1151



Before installing the CPU, ensure that the socket box is facing toward you and the load lever is on your right.

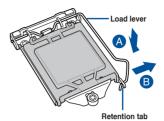
ASUS RS300-E9 Series 2-3

Press the load lever with your thumb

 (A), then move it to the right (B) until it is released from the retention tab.



Do not remove the PnP cap yet from the CPU socket. Doing so may bend the pins of the socket.



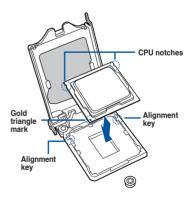
3. Lift the load lever until the load plate is completely lifted.



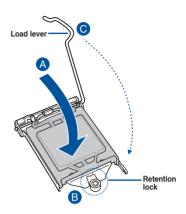
 Position the CPU above the socket, ensuring that the gold triangle mark is on the bottom-left corner of the socket, then fit the CPU notches to the socket's alignment keys.



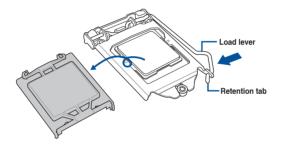
The CPU fits in only one orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the pins on the socket and damaging the CPU.



 Close the load plate (A), ensuring that the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention lock (B) then push down the load lever (C).



Insert the load lever under the retention tab to remove the PnP cap from the CPU socket.



 Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with, ensuring that it is evenly spread in a thin layer.



Some heatsinks come with pre-applied Thermal Interface Material. If so, skip this step.



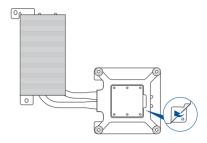
The Thermal Interface Material is toxic and inedible. DO NOT eat it. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, wash it off immediately and seek professional medical help.



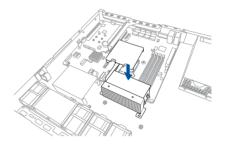
# 2.2.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and airduct

To install the CPU heatsink:

 Remove the protection sticker on the back of the CPU heatsink.

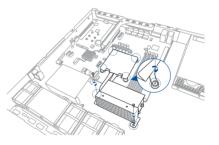


Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, ensuring that the four fasteners match the holes on the motherboard.



 Twist each of the four screws with a Phillips (cross) screwdriver just enough to attach the heatsink to the motherboard. When the four screws are attached, tighten them one by one to completely secure the heatsink.

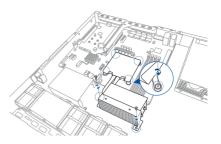




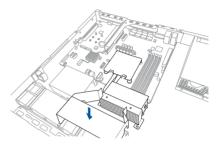


- Tighten the four heatsink screws in a diagonal sequence.
- Do not remove the mylar on the heatsink.

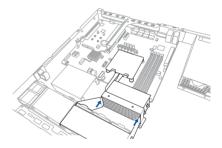
4. Secure the heat pipe and air duct to the server with two screws.



 Insert the system fan mylar into the system fan, as shown in the right figure.



6. Insert the two tips of the system fan mylar into the CPU heatsink, as shown in the right figure.



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# 2.3 System memory

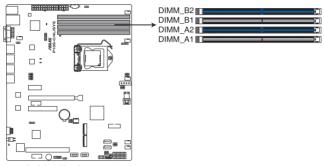
### 2.3.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with four Double Data Rate 4 (DDR4) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.



A DDR4 module is notched differently from a DDR, DDR2, or DDR3 module. DO NOT install a DDR, DDR2, or DDR3 memory module to the DDR4 slot.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR4 DIMM sockets:



P10S-C/4L/SYS 288-pin DDR4 DIMM sockets

# 2.3.2 Memory configurations

You may install Unbuffered DDR4 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.

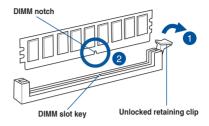
UDIMM						
DIMM Slot Per Channel	DIMM Populated per Channel	DIMM Type	Speed	Rank per DIMM		
2	1	Unbuffered DDR4	2133	Single Rank, Dual Rank		
2	2	Unbuffered DDR4	2133	Single Rank, Dual Rank		



- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.
- Start installing the DIMMs in slots A2 and B2 (Blue).

# 2.3.3 Installing a DIMM on a single clip DIMM socket

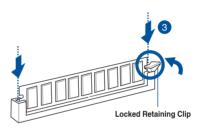
- 1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clip outward.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the DIMM slot key on the socket.





A DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket in the wrong direction to avoid damaging the DIMM.

 Hold the DIMM by both of its ends then insert the DIMM vertically into the socket. Apply force to both ends of the DIMM simultaneously until the retaining clip snaps back into place and the DIMM cannot be pushed in any further to ensure proper sitting of the DIMM.





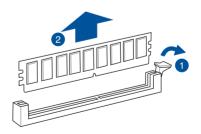
Always insert the DIMM into the socket vertically to prevent DIMM notch damage.



- To install two or more DIMMs, refer to the user guide bundled in the motherboard package.
- Refer to the user guide for qualified vendor lists of the memory modules.

### Removing a DIMM from a single clip DIMM socket

- Press the retaining clip outward to unlock the DIMM.
- 2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.





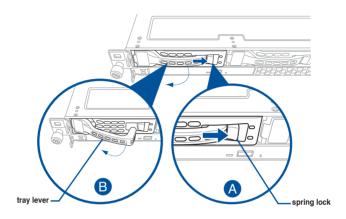
Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

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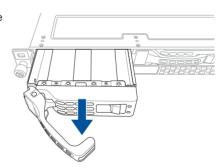
### 2.4 Hard disk drives

The system supports four hot-swap SATA/SAS hard disk drives. The hard disk drive installed on the drive tray connects to the motherboard SATA/SAS ports via the SATA/SAS backplane. To install a hot-swap SATA/SAS HDD:

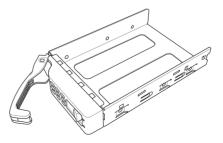
 Push the spring lock to the right (A) then pull the tray lever outward (B) to release the drive tray. The drive tray ejects slightly after you pull out the lever.



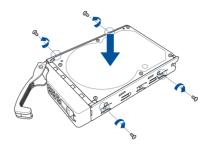
2. Firmly hold the tray lever and pull the drive tray out of the bay.



- 3. Place the drive tray on a flat and stable surface.
- Prepare the SATA/SAS HDD and the bundled set of screws.



5. Place the SATA/SAS HDD into the tray then secure it with four screws.



 Insert the drive tray and HDD assembly all the way into the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of the tray edge protrudes.





When installed, the SATA/SAS connector on the drive connects to the SATA/SAS interface on the backplane.

7. Push the tray lever until it clicks and secures the drive tray in place.



The drive tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.



8. Repeat steps 1 to 7 to install the other SATA/SAS HDDs.

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# 2.5 Expansion slot

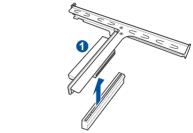
The barebone server comes with two PCIE slots - PCIE1 and PCIE2. These slots are preinstalled with a riser card bracket and a butterfly riser card bracket for installing PCIE expansion cards. You need to remove these expansion card brackets if you want to install PCIE expansion cards.

# 2.5.1 Installing an expansion card to the PCIE1 slot

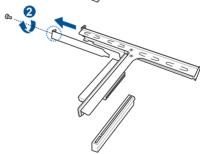
The pre-installed riser card bracket on the PCIE1 slot supports Full-Height (FH), Half-Length (HL) PCIE x16 expansion cards.

To install a PCIE x16 (Gen3 x16 link), FH, HL card on the riser card bracket:

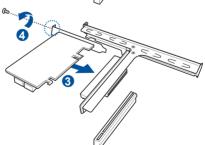
 Firmly hold the riser card bracket, then pull it up to detach it from the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



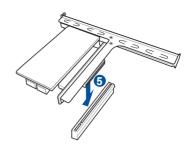
 Place the riser card bracket on a flat and stable surface, then remove the screw from the slot bay.



- 3. Install a PCI Express x8 or x16 card to the bracket as shown.
- Secure the card with a screw.



 Install the riser card bracket and PCI Express card assembly back into the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



### 2.5.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure the it by adjusting the software settings.

- Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the following tables.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.



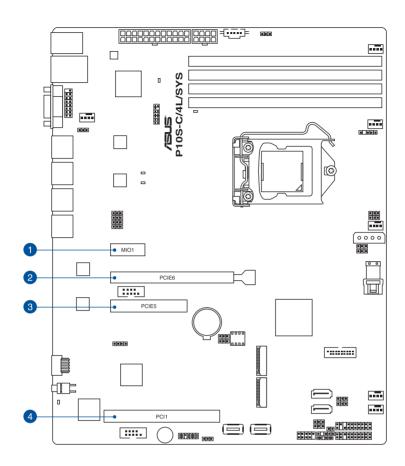
When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support "Share IRQ" or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

### Standard Interrupt assignments

IRQ	Priority	Standard function	
0	1	System Timer	
1	2	Keyboard Controller	
2	-	Programmable Interrupt	
3*	11	Communications Port (COM2)	
4*	12	Communications Port (COM1)	
5*	13		
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller	
7*	15		
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock	
9*	4	ACPI Mode when used	
10*	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering	
11*	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering	
12*	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port	
13	8	Numeric Data Processor	
14*	9	Primary IDE Channel	
15*	10	Secondary IDE Channel	

<sup>\*</sup> These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

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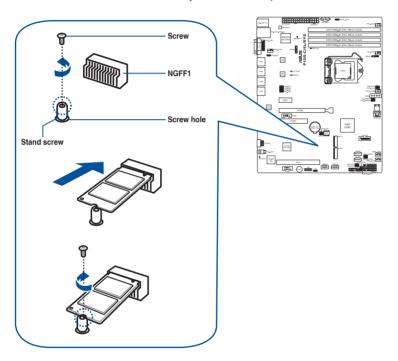


No.(Slot location)	Short Description		
1 (slot 7)	MIO1	MIO slot	
2 (slot 6)	IPCIE6	PCI-E x16 (x16 Gen3 link)	
2 (5101 0)		(Auto switch to x8 link if slot 5 is occupied)	
3 (slot 5)	PCIE5	PCI-E x8 (x8 Gen3 link)	
4 (slot 1)	PCI1	PCI 32 bit / 33 MHz	

# 2.5.3 Installing M.2 (NGFF) cards

To install an M.2 card:

- Locate the M.2 connector (NGFF1) on the motherboard.
- 2. Remove the screw on the stand screw.
- 3. Prepare the M.2 card.
- 4. Align and insert the M.2 card into the M.2 connector (NGFF1).
- 5. Secure the M.2 card with the screw you removed in step 2.





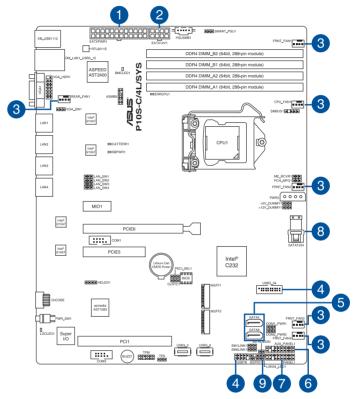
- Please pay attention when removing the screw, the stand screw might be removed together with it.
- Ensure that the M.2 card is positioned between the screw and the stand screw before securing it.

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#### 2.6 Cable connections



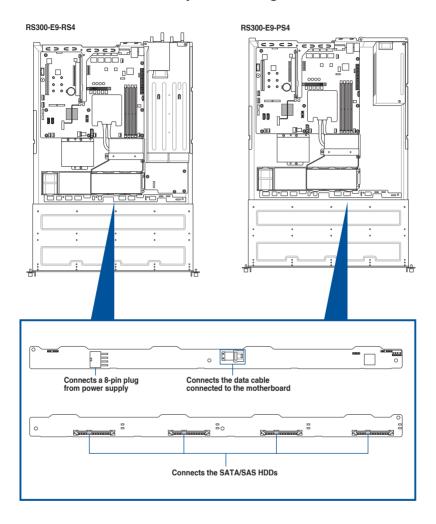
- The bundled system cables are pre-connected before shipment. You do not need to disconnect these cables unless you will remove pre-installed components to install additional devices.
- Refer to Chapter 4 for detailed information on the connectors.



#### Pre-connected system cables

- 1. 24-pin ATX power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
- 2. 8-pin 12V power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
- 3. System fan connector (from system fan to motherboard)
- 4. USB connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 5. SATA connectors (system default; from motherboard to SATA/SAS backplane)
- 6. System auxiliary panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 7. System panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 8. Mini-SAS HD connector (from motherboard to SATA/SAS backplane)
- 9. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connectors

# 2.7 SATA/SAS backplane cabling



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# 2.8 Removable/Optional components

You may need to remove previously installed system components when installing or removing system devices. Or you may need to install the optional components into the system. This section tells how to remove/install the following components:

- 1. System fans
- 2. ASUS PIKE RAID card (optional)
- 3. ASUS ASMB8-iKVM (optional)
- 4. SSD cage



Ensure that the system is turned off before removing any components.

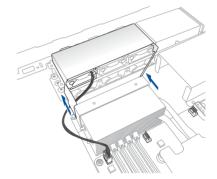


You may need to remove previously installed component or factory shipped components when installing optional components.

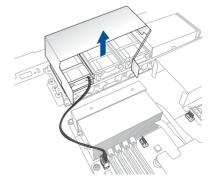
# 2.8.1 System fans

To uninstall the system fans:

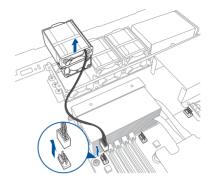
 Remove the two tips of the system fan mylar out of the CPU heatsink, as shown in the right figure.



 Remove the system fan mylar out of the system fan, as shown in the right figure.

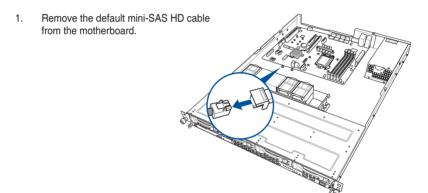


- 3. Disconnect the system fan cable from the fan connector on the motherboard.
- 4. Lift the fan, then set aside.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 to uninstall the other system fans.

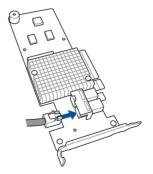


# 2.8.2 Installing ASUS PIKE II RAID card (optional)

Follow the steps below to install an optional ASUS RAID card on your motherboard.



2. Connect the mini-SAS HD cable to the ASUS PIKE II card.

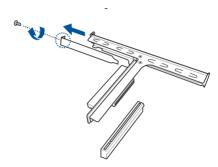


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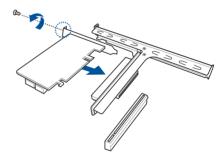
 Firmly hold the riser card bracket, then pull it up to detach it from the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



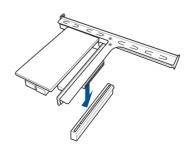
 Place the riser card bracket on a flat and stable surface, then remove the screw from the slot bay.



- Install the ASUS PIKE II card x8 or x16 card to the bracket as shown.
- 6. Secure the card with a screw.



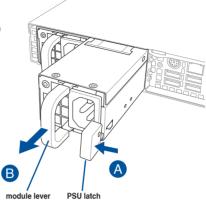
 Install the riser card bracket and PCI Express card assembly back into the PCI Express x16 slot on the motherboard.



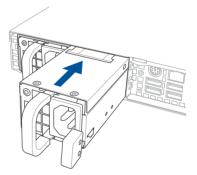
# 2.8.3 Redundant power supply module

To replace a failed redundant power supply module:

 Hold the power supply module lever and press the PSU latch (A) then pull the power supply module (B) out of the system chassis.



- 2. Get the replacement power supply module.
- Insert the replacement power supply module into the chassis then push it inwards until the latch locks into place.

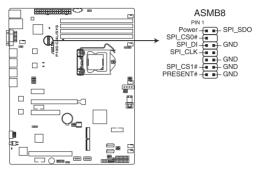


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# 2.8.4 Installing the Baseboard Management Card (optional)

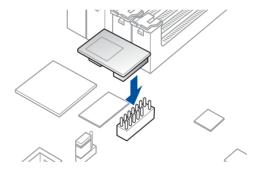
Follow the steps below to install an optional ASMB8 Management Card on your motherboard.

1. Locate the Baseboard Management Card header on the motherboard.



P10S-C/4L/SYS BMC connector

2. Orient and press the Management Card in place.



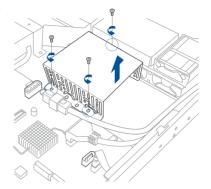


The motherboard illustration is for reference only. The motherboard layout and appearance may vary depending on the model, but the installation steps remain the same.

# 2.8.5 Installing the SSD cage

Follow the steps below to install the SSD cage on your server module.

- 1. Remove the three screws on the side of the SSD cage.
- 2. Lift the SSD cage and set aside.



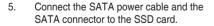
 With the SSD cage resting on a flat surface, insert the SSD card into the SSD cage.

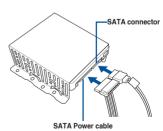


- The SSD Card fits in one orientation only.
- You can place two SSD cards into the SSD cage.
- Secure the SSD card into the SSD cage with the bundled screws.



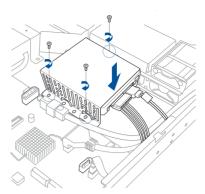






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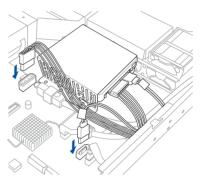
6. Secure the SDD cage to the server module using the bundled screws.



- 7. Connect the SATA cable connector to the onboard SATA connector.
- 8. Connect the Power cable to the connector on the motherboard.



You can install a second SSD Card by removing the optical drive and connecting the SATA cable connector to its onboard SATA connector.



# 2.8.6 Replacing optical drive (optional)

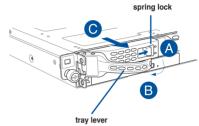
This server system supports a slim-type optical disk drive.

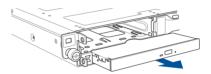
To replace the optical disk drive:

Remove the screw that secures the optical drive. Set aside.



- Push the spring lock to the right (A) to remove the SATA/SAS drive tray then pull the tray lever outward (B).
  - The drive tray ejects slightly after you pull out the lever (C).
- 3. Hold the tray lever and pull the drive tray out of the bay.
- Pull the optical drive module.



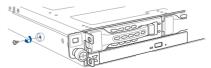


 Carefully insert the replacement optical disk drive module into the drive bay until it is securely seated in place.



- Carefully insert the drive tray and push it all the way to the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of the tray edge protrudes.
- Push the tray lever until it clicks, and secures the drive tray in place. The drive tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.
- 8. Secure the optical drive with the screw that you removed in step 1.





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# **Installation Options**

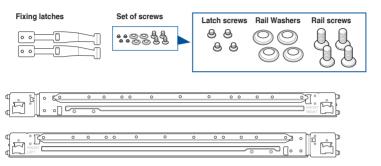
3

This chapter describes how to install the optional components and devices into the barebone server.

## 3.1 Tool-less Friction Rail Kit

The tool less design of the rail kit allows you to easily install the rack rails into the server rack without the need for additional tools. The kit also comes with a metal stopping bracket that can be installed to provide additional support and stability to the server.

The tool-less rail kit package includes:



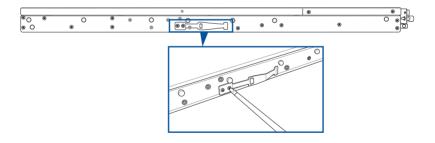
#### Installing the tool-less rack rail

To install the tool-less rack rails into the rack:

 Secure the two fixing latches to the two sides of the server using the set of latch screws.



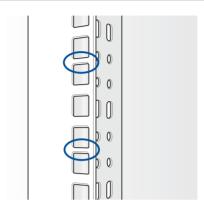
The locations of the screw holes vary with different server models. Refer to your server user manual for details.



Select a desired space and place the appropriate rack rail (left and right) on opposite positions on the rack.



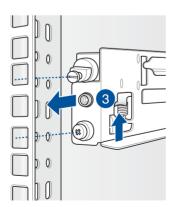
A 1U space is consists of three square mounting holes with two thin lips on the top and the hottom



- 3. Press the spring lock then insert the studs into the selected square mounting holes on the rack post.
- 4. Press the spring lock on the other end of rail then insert the stud into the mounting hole on the rack post. Extend the rack rail, if necessary.
- 5. Perform steps 3 to 4 for the other rack rail.



Ensure that the installed rack rails (left and right) are aligned, secured, and stable in place.

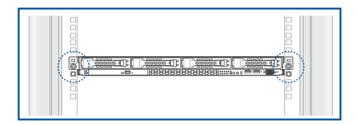


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6. Lift the server chassis and insert into the rack rail.



- Ensure that the rack rail cabinet and the rack posts are stable and standing firmly on a level surface.
- We strongly recommend that at least two able-bodied persons perform the steps described in this guide.
- We recommend the use an appropriate lifting tool or device, if necessary.





Ensure to include the side knots on the two sides of the server in the rack rail holders.

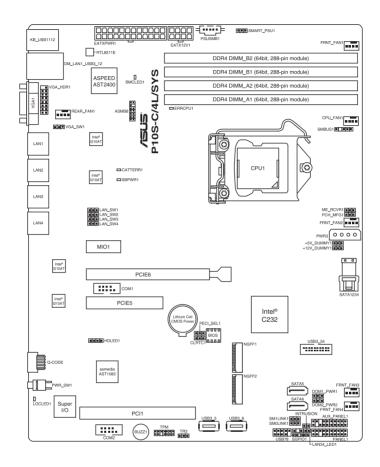


The illustrations shown above are for reference only.

# Motherboard Information

This chapter includes the motherboard layout and brief descriptions of the jumpers and internal connectors.

# 4.1 Motherboard layout



# Layout contents

Onboa	Page	
1.	Standby Power LED (SB_PWR1)	4-5
2.	Baseboard Management Controller LED (BMC_LED1)	4-5
3.	CPU Warning LED (ERR_CPU1)	4-6
4.	Message LED (LOCLED1)	4-6
5.	CATT ERR LED (CATTERR1)	4-7

Jumpers		Page
1.	Clear RTC RAM (3-pin CLRTC1)	4-8
2.	VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)	4-9
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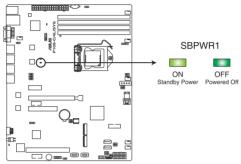
Rear p	Page	
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#### 4.2 Onboard LEDs

#### 1. Standby Power LED (SB\_PWR1)

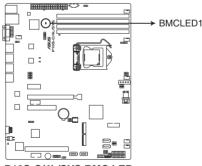
The motherboard comes with a standby power LED. The green LED lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Standby Power LED

#### 2. Baseboard Management Controller LED (BMC LED1)

The green heartbeat LED blinks per second to indicate that the ASMB8 is working normally. The BMC LED works with the ASUS ASMB8 management device and indicates its initiation status. When the PSU is plugged and the system is OFF, ASUS ASMB8 management device starts system initiation for about one (1) minute. The BMC LED blinks after system initiation finishes.



P10S-C/4L/SYS BMC LED

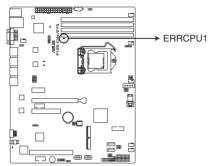


- The heartbeat LED functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB8 Management card.
- Everytime after the AC power is replugged, you have to wait for about 60 seconds for the system to power up.

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#### 3. CPU Warning LED (ERR CPU1)

The CPU warning LED lights up to indicate that a CPU error or failure has occurred.



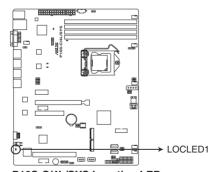
P10S-C/4L/SYS ERRCPU1 LED



The warning LED functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB8 Management card.

#### 4. Location LED (LOCLED1)

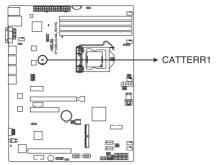
This onboard LED lights up when the Location button on the server is pressed or when triggered by a system management software. The Location LED helps visually locate and quickly identify the server in error on a server rack.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Location LED

## 5. CATT ERR LED (CATTERR1)

The CATT ERR LED indicates that the system has experienced a fatal or catastrophic error and cannot continue to operate.



P10S-C/4L/SYS CATTERR1 LED

# 4.3 Jumpers

#### 1. Clear RTC RAM (3-pin CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

#### To erase the RTC RAM:

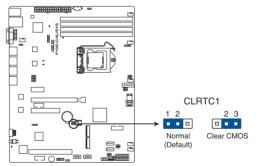
- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Move the jumper cap from pins 1–2 (default) to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5–10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
- 3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- Hold down the <Del> key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to reenter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



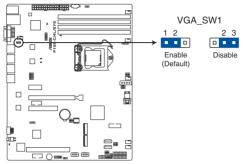
If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Clear RTC RAM

#### 2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA\_SW1)

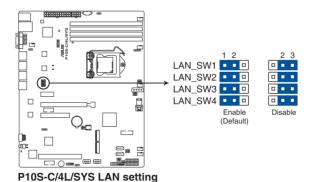
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1–2 to activate the VGA feature.



P10S-C/4L/SYS VGA setting

#### 3. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN\_SW1-4)

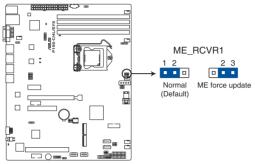
These jumpers allows you to enable or disable the onboard Intel® I210 Gigabit LAN controllers. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



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#### 4. ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME\_RCVR1)

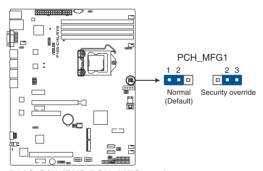
This jumper allows you to force Intel Management Engine (ME) boot from recovery mode when ME become corrupted.



P10S-C/4L/SYS ME recovery setting

#### 5. PCH\_MFG1 setting (3-pin PCH\_MFG1)

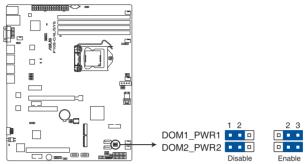
This jumper allows you to update the BIOS ME block select.



P10S-C/4L/SYS PCH\_MFG setting

#### 6. SATA DOM power setting (3-pin DOM1 PWR1, DOM2 PWR2)

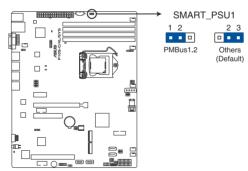
This jumper allows you to configure the DOM power setting.



P10S-C/4L/SYS DOM PWR setting

#### 7. Smart Ride Through (SmaRT) setting (3-pin SMART\_PSU1)

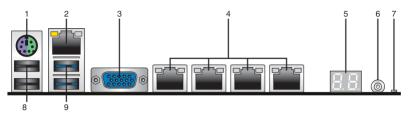
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the Smart Ride Through (SmaRT) function. This feature is disabled by default. Set to pins 1-2 to enable it. When enabled, SmaRT allows uninterrupted operation of the system during an AC loss event.



P10S-C/4L/SYS PMBus 1.2 PSU setting

# 4.4 Connectors

# 4.4.1 Rear panel connectors



- PS/2 keyboard/mouse port (purple/green): This port is for a PS/2 keyboard or mouse.
- RJ-45 port for iKVM: This RJ-45 port functions only when you install ASMB8
  management card.
- Video Graphics Adapter port: This port is for a VGA monitor or other VGA-compatible devices.
- RJ-45 ports for LAN: These ports allows Gigabit connection to a LAN (Local Area Network) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.
- Q-Code LED: The Q-Code LED provides a 2-digit display that shows the status of your system. Refer to the Q-Code table of this user guide for more information about the 2-digit codes.
- 6. Power-on Button: Press this button to turn on the system.
- Message LED: The Message LED is an onboard LED that lights up to indicate an abnormal event occurrence.
- 8. USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2: These two 4-pin USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
- USB 3.0 ports 1 and 2: These two 4-pin USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports are available for connecting USB 3.0 devices.

#### LAN port LED indications

Activity	/Link LED	Speed LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	



# 4.4.2 Q-Code table

	Security Phase	2	Progress	First post code(POWER_ON_POST_CODE)
	Security Phase	2		
	Security Phase		Progress	Load BSP microcode(MICROCODE_POST_CODE)
		3	Progress	Perform early platform initialization
	Goodin'y 1 made	4	Progress	Set cache as ram for PEI phase(CACHE_ENABLED_POST_CODE)
		5	Progress	Establish Stack
		6	Progress	CPU Early init.(CPU_EARLY_INIT_POST_CODE)
		10	Progress	PEI Core Entry
		11	Progress	PEI cache as ram CPU initial
		15	Progress	NB initialize before installed memory
		19	Progress	SB initialize before installed memory
		0	MRC Progress	MRC_INITIALIZATION_START
		10	MRC Progress	MRC_CMD_PLOT_2D
		1B	MRC Progress	MRC_FAST_BOOT_PERMITTED
		1C	MRC Progress	MRC_RESTORE_NON_TRAINING
		1D	MRC Progress	MRC_PRINT_INPUT_PARAMS
		1E	MRC Progress	MRC_SET_OVERRIDES_PSPD
		20	MRC Progress	MRC_SPD_PROCESSING
		21	MRC Progress	MRC_SET_OVERRIDES
		22	MRC Progress	MRC_MC_CAPABILITY
		23	MRC Progress	MRC_MC_CONFIG
		24	MRC Progress	MRC_MC_MEMORY_MAP
		25	MRC Progress	MRC_JEDEC_INIT_LPDDR3
		26	MRC Progress	MRC_RESET_SEQUENCE
		27	MRC Progress	MRC_PRE_TRAINING
		28	MRC Progress	MRC_EARLY_COMMAND
		29	MRC Progress	MRC_SENSE_AMP_OFFSET
		2A	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_MPR
		2B	MRC Progress	MRC_RECEIVE_ENABLE
		2C	MRC Progress	MRC_JEDEC_WRITE_LEVELING
		2D	MRC Progress	MRC_LPDDR_LATENCY_SET_B
		2E	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_TIMING_1D
Normal boot		2F	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_TIMING_1D
		30	MRC Progress	MRC_DIMM_ODT
	DEL /D EE!	31	MRC Progress	MRC_EARLY_WRITE_TIMING_2D
	PEI (Pre-EFI initialization) phase	32	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_DS
	initianzation) priaco	33	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_EQ
		34	MRC Progress	MRC_EARLY_READ_TIMING_2D
		35	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_ODT
		36	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_EQ
		37	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_AMP_POWER
		38	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_TIMING_2D
		39	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_TIMING_2D
		3A	MRC Progress	MRC_CMD_VREF
		3B	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_VREF_2D
		3C	MRC Progress	MRC_READ_VREF_2D
		3D	MRC Progress	MRC_POST_TRAINING
		3E	MRC Progress	MRC_LATE_COMMAND
		3F	MRC Progress	MRC_ROUND_TRIP_LAT
		40	MRC Progress	MRC_TURN_AROUND
		41	MRC Progress	MRC_CMP_OPT
		42	MRC Progress	MRC_SAVE_MC_VALUES
		43	MRC Progress	MRC_RESTORE_TRAINING
		44	MRC Progress	MRC_RMT_TOOL
		45	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_SR
		46	MRC Progress	MRC_DIMM_RON
		47	MRC Progress	MRC_RCVEN_TIMING_1D
		48	MRC Progress	MRC_MR_FILL
		49	MRC Progress	MRC_PWR_MTR
		4A	MRC Progress	MRC_DDR4_MAPPING
		4B	MRC Progress	MRC_WRITE_VOLTAGE_1D
		4C	MRC Progress	MRC_EARLY_RDMPR_TIMING_2D
		4D	MRC Progress	MRC_FORCE_OLTM
		50	MRC Progress	MRC_MC_ACTIVATE

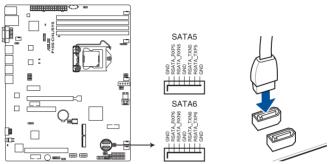
(continued on the next page)

Action	PHASE	POST CODE	ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION
		51	MRC Progress	MRC_RH_PREVENTION
		52	MRC Progress	MRC_GET_MRC_DATA
		58	MRC Progress	MRC RETRAIN CHECK
		5A	MRC Progress	MRC_SA_GV_SWITCH
		5B	MRC Progress	MRC_ALIAS_CHECK
		5C	MRC Progress	MRC_ECC_CLEAN_START
		5D	MRC Progress	MRC_DONE
		5F	MRC Progress	MRC CPGC MEMORY TEST
		60	MRC Progress	MRC_TXT_ALIAS_CHECK
		61	MRC Progress	MRC_ENG_PERF_GAIN
	PEI(Pre-EFI	68	MRC Progress	MRC_MEMORY_TEST
	initialization) phase	69	MRC Progress	MRC_FILL_RMT_STRUCTURE
		70	MRC Progress	MRC_SELF_REFRESH_EXIT
		71	MRC Progress	MRC NORMAL MODE
		7D	MRC Progress	MRC_SSA_PRE_STOP_POINT
		7E	MRC Progress	MRC_NO_MEMORY_DETECTED
		7F	MRC Progress	MRC_SSA_STOP_POINT
		55	MRC Progress	MRC_MEM_INIT_DONE
		32	Progress	CPU Init.
		34	Progress	CPU Init.
		36	Progress	CPU Init.
		4F	Progress	DXE Initial Program Load(IPL)
		60	Progress	DXE Core Started
		61	Progress	DXE NVRAM Init.
		62	Progress	SB run-time init.
		63	Progress	DXE CPU Init
		68	Progress	NB Init.
	DXE(Driver	69	Progress	NB Init.
	Execution Environment) phase	6A	Progress	NB Init.
	Liviloiiiieiii) pilase	70	Progress	SB Init.
		71	Progress	SB Init.
		72	Progress	SB Init.
Normal boot		78	Progress	ACPI Init.
		79	Progress	CSM Init.
		90	Progress	BDS started
		91	Progress	Connect device event
		92	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		93	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		94	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		95	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		96	Progress	PCI Bus Enumeration.
		97	Progress	Console outout connect event
		98	Progress	Console input connect event
		99	Progress	AMI Super IO start
		9A	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
		9B	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
		9C	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
		9D	Progress	AMI USB Driver Init.
	BDS(Boot Device	b2	Progress	Legacy Option ROM Init.
	Selection) phase	b3	Progress	Reset system
		b4	Progress	USB hotplug
		b6	Progress	NVRAM clean up
		b7	Progress	NVRAM configuration reset
		A0	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		A1	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		1737		IDE, AHCI Init.
		Δ2	Progress	
		A2 A3	Progress Progress	
		A3	Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.
		A3 FF~00	Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init. Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds).
		A3 FF~00 A8	Progress Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init. Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds). BIOS Setup Utility password verify
		A3 FF~00 A8 A9	Progress Progress Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.  Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds).  BIOS Setup Utility password verify  BIOS Setup Utility start
		A3 FF~00 A8 A9 AB	Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init. Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds). BIOS Setup Utility password verify BIOS Setup Utility start BIOS Setup Utility input wait
		A3 FF~00 A8 A9 AB AD	Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.  Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds).  BIOS Setup Utilify password verify  BIOS Setup Utility start  BIOS Setup Utility input wait  Ready to boot event
		A3 FF~00 A8 A9 AB AD AE	Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.  Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds).  BIOS Setup Utility password verify  BIOS Setup Utility start  BIOS Setup Utility input wait  Ready to boot event  Legacy boot event
	Operating system phase	A3 FF~00 A8 A9 AB AD	Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress Progress	IDE, AHCI Init.  Wait BMC ready(duration: 120 seconds).  BIOS Setup Utility password verify  BIOS Setup Utility start  BIOS Setup Utility input wait  Ready to boot event

#### 4.4.3 Internal connectors

#### 1. Serial ATA 6.0 Gbps connectors (7-pin SATA 6 Gbps\_5-6 connector [Gray])

Supported by the Intel® C232 chipset, these connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives that allows up to 6Gb/s of data transfer rate. If you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives, you can create a RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, or RAID 5 configuration.



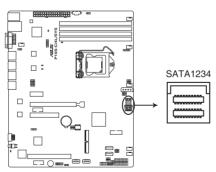
P10S-C/4L/SYS Intel® SATA 6 Gb/s connectors



- The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.
- When the M.2 connector is operating in SATA mode, SATA connector 5 and 6 (SATA 6 Gbps\_5-6) will be disabled.

#### 2. Mini-SAS HD connector (SATA1234)

This motherboard comes with a mini Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) HD connector, the storage technology that supports Serial ATA. The connector supports up to four devices.

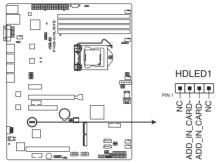


P10S-C/4L/SYS SATA1234 connector

ASUS RS300-E9 Series 4-15

#### 3. Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)

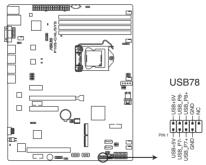
This LED connector is for the storage add-on card cable connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card. The read or write activities of any device connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card causes the front panel LED to light up.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Hard disk activity LED connector

#### 4. USB 2.0 connector (10-1 pin USB78)

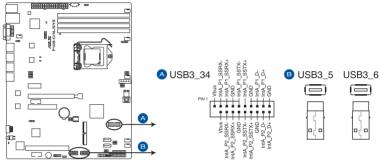
These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cables to these connectors. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



P10S-C/4L/SYS USB2.0 connector

#### 5. USB 3.0 connector (20-1 pin USB3 34)

These connectors allow you to connect a USB 3.0 module for additional USB 3.0 front or rear panel ports. With an installed USB 3.0 module, you can enjoy all the benefits of USB 3.0 including faster data transfer speeds of up to 5 Gbps, faster charging time for USB-chargeable devices, optimized power efficiency, and backward compatibility with USB 2.0.



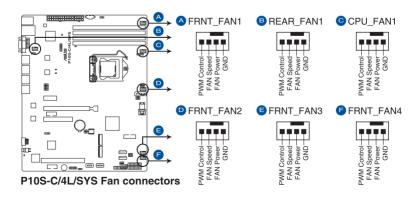
P10S-C/4L/SYS USB3-0 connectors

#### 6. CPU, front, and rear fan connectors (4-pin FRNT\_FAN1-4, REAR\_FAN1, CPU\_FAN1)

The fan connectors support cooling fans. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



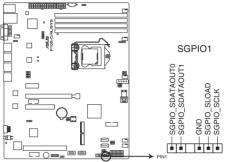
- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!
- All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.



ASUS RS300-E9 Series 4-17

#### 7. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)

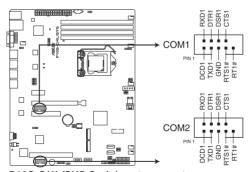
The SGPIO 1 connector is used for the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Enterprise SGPIO interface that controls the LED pattern generation, device information, and general purpose data.



P10S-C/4L/SYS SGPIO connector

#### 8. Serial port connectors (10-1 pin COM1/COM2)

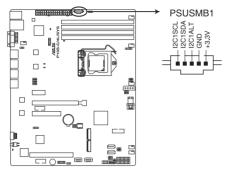
These connectors are for the serial COM ports. Connect the serial port module cable to one of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Serial port connector

#### 9. Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)

This connector allows you to connect SMBus (System Management Bus) to the power supply unit to read PSU information. Devices communicate with an SMBus host and/or other SMBus devices using the SMBus interface.



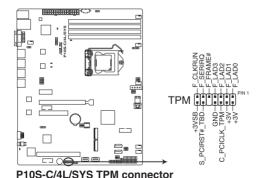
P10S-C/4L/SYS Power supply SMBus connector



This connector functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB8.

#### 10. Trusted Platform Module connector (14-1 pin TPM)

This connector supports a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) system, which can securely store keys, digital certificates, passwords, and data. A TPM system also helps enhance network security, protects digital identities, and ensures platform integrity.

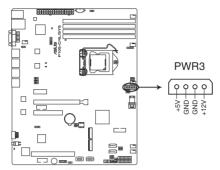


ASUS RS300-E9 Series

4-19

#### 11. SATA DOM power connector (4-pin PWR3)

This 4-pin connector is for 5V power of a certain SATA DOM (Disk on Module) device when using an appropriate cable.



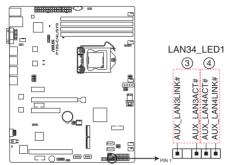
P10S-C/4L/SYS Power connector



- The SATA DOM power connector is for output power only. It has a maximum output current of 1A.
- Ensure that the power of the SATA DOM device that you will use is less than 1A.

#### 12. LAN34\_LED connector (5-1 pin LAN34\_LED1)

These LEDs are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel. Connect the LAN LED cable to the backplane for LAN activity indication.



P10S-C/4L/SYS LAN3 & LAN4 LED

# 13. VGA connector (16-1 pin VGA\_HDR1)

This connector supports the VGA High Dynamic-Range interface.



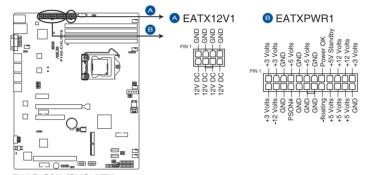
P10S-C/4L/SYS Internal VGA connector

#### 14. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR1, 8-pin EATX12V1)

These connectors are for the ATX power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



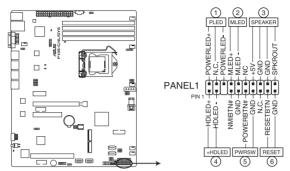
- DO NOT forget to connect the 24-pin and the 8-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a power supply unit (PSU) with a higher power output is recommended when
  configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become
  unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- This motherboard supports ATX2.0 PSU or later version.
- Ensure that your PSU can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.



P10S-C/4L/SYS ATX power connectors

#### 15. System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



P10S-C/4L/SYS System panel connector

#### 1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

#### 2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by Hardware monitor to indicate an abnormal event occurrence.

#### 3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

#### 4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin +HDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

#### Power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

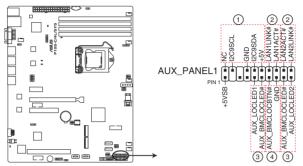
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

#### 6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

#### 16. Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Auxiliary panel connector

#### 1. Front panel SMB (6-1 pin FPSMB)

These connectors are for the front panel SMBus cable.

#### 2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1LINK and 2-pin LAN2LINK)

These connectors are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.

#### 3. Locator LED (2-pin AUX\_LOCLED1 and 2-pin AUX\_LOCLED2)

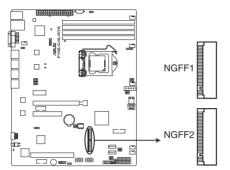
These connectors are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connectors. The LEDs will light up when the Locator button is pressed.

#### 4. Locator Button/Switch (2-pin AUX\_BMCLOCBTN)

These connectors are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

#### 17. M.2 (NGFF) card connector (NGFF1 & NGFF2)

This connector allows you to install an M.2 device.



P10S-C/4L/SYS NGFF1 & NGFF2 connectors



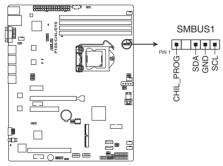
- This connector supports type 2242/2260/2280 devices on both PCI-E and SATA interface.
- When the M.2 connector is operating in SATA mode, SATA connector 5 and 6 (SATA 6 Gbps 5-6) will be disabled.



The M.2 (NGFF) device is purchased separately.

#### 18. System Management Bus (SMBUS) connector (5-1 pin SMBUS1)

This connector controls the system and power management-related tasks. This connector processes the messages to and from devices rather than tripping the individual control lines.

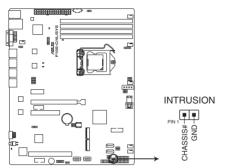


P10S-C/4L/SYS SMBUS connector

#### 19. Chassis intrusion connector (2-pin INTRUSION)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted intrusion detection sensor or switch. Connect one end of the chassis intrusion sensor or switch cable to this connector. The chassis intrusion sensor or switch sends a high-level signal to this connector when a chassis component is removed or replaced. The signal is then generated as a chassis intrusion event.

By default, the pin labeled "Chassis Signal" and "Ground" are shorted with a jumper cap. Remove the jumper caps only when you intend to use the chassis intrusion detection feature.



P10S-C/4L/SYS Chassis Intrusion connector

# **BIOS Setup**

5

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

# 5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

#### 1. ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3

To recover the BIOS using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.

#### 2. ASUS EzFlash

Updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk.

#### 3. BUPDATER

Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

# 5.1.1 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

#### Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

- Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
- The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com to download the latest BIOS file.

# 5.1.2 ASUS EzFlash Utility

The ASUS EzFlash Utility feature allows you to update the BIOS using a USB flash disk without having to use a DOS-based utility.



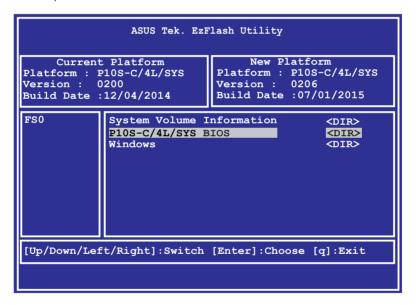
Download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at www.asus.com before using this utility.



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

To update the BIOS using EzFlash Utility:

- Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file to the USB port.
- Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the Tool menu to select ASUS EzFlash Utility and press <Enter> to enable it.



- Press <Tab> to switch to the **Drive** field.
- Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS then press <Enter>.
- 5. Press <Tab> to switch to the **Folder Info** field.
- 6. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the BIOS file then press <Enter>.
- 7. Reboot the system when the update process is done.



- This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
- DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!



Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.

# 5.1.3 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

#### Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

- Visit the ASUS website at <u>www.asus.com</u> and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
- Download the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at https://www.asus.com/support/ to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

# BUPDATER /i[filename].CAP

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.

A:\>BUPDATER /i[file name]CAP

The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.





DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed.

4. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.

```
The BIOS update is finished! Please restart your system.

C:\>
```

# 5.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Del>during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl>+<Alt>+<Del>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

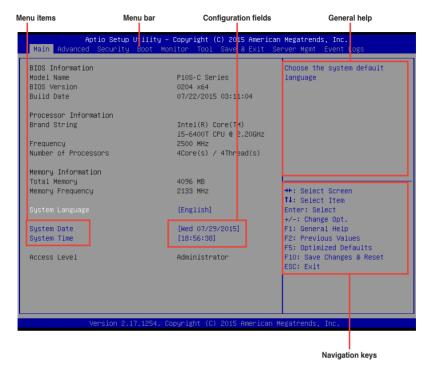
The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure
  optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS
  settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press
  <F5> and select Yes to load the BIOS default settings.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for this
  motherboard.

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# 5.2.1 BIOS menu screen



#### 5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main For changing the basic system configuration

Advanced For changing the advanced system settings

**Security** For changing the security settings

**Boot** For changing the system boot configuration

**Monitor** For displaying the system temperature, power status, and changing

the fan settings

**Tool** For configuring options for special functions

Save & Exit For selecting the save & exit options

Server Mgmt For changing the server mgmt settings

Event Logs For changing the event log settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

#### 5.2.3 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting **Main** shows the Main menu items. The other items (Advanced, Security, Boot, Monitor, Tool, Save & Exit, Server Mgmt, and Event Logs) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

#### 5.2.4 Submenu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a submenu. To display the submenu, select the item and press <Enter>.



# 5.2.5 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for the BIOS setup program. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

# 5.2.6 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

# 5.2.7 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable. A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it and press <Enter> to display a list of options.

# 5.2.8 Pop-up window

Select a menu item and press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

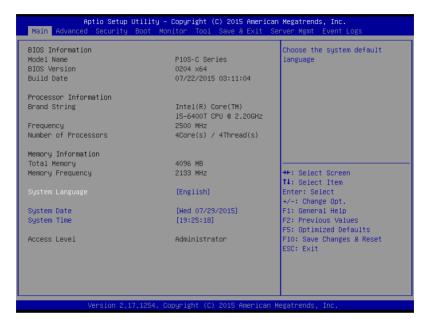
#### 5.2.9 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> / <Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.

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# 5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears. The Main menu provides you an overview of the basic system information, and allows you to set the system date and time.



# 5.3.1 System Date

Allows you to set the system date to [Day mm/dd/yyyy].

Day = Day of the week

mm = month (numeric value)

dd = day (numeric value)

yyyy = year (numeric value)

# 5.3.2 System Time

Allows you to set the system time to [hh/mm/ss].

hh = hour (numeric value)

mm = minutes (numeric value)

ss = seconds (numeric value)

# 5.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



# 5.4.1 Trusted Computing



#### Security Device Support [Enable]

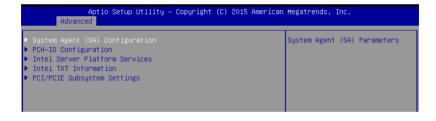
Allows you to enable or disable the BIOS support for security device.

Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

#### **Device Select [Auto]**

Allows you to restrict support to selected device. Auto will support both devices. Configuration options: ITPM 1.21 ITPM 2.01 [Auto]

# 5.4.2 Chipset Configuration



# System Agent (SA) Configuration

This allows you to change System Agent (SA) parameters.



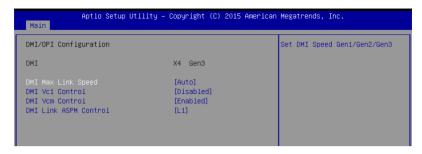
#### VT-d [Enabled]

Allows you to enable virtualization technology function on memory control hub. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### Above 4GB MMIO BIOS assignment [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable above 4GB MemoryMappedIO BIOS assignment. When aperture size is set to 2048 MB, this is disabled automatically. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

# **DMI/OPI Configuration**



#### **DMI Max Link Speed [Auto]**

Allows you to set the DMI speed.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Gen1] [Gen2] [Gen3]

#### DMI Vc1 Control [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable DMI Vc1.
Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### DMI Vcm Control [Enabled]

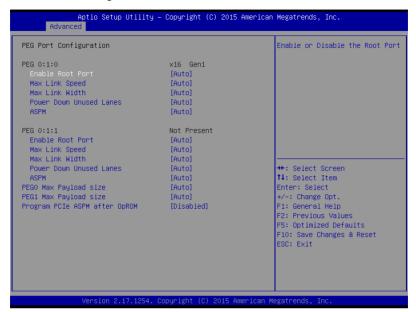
Allows you to enable or disable DMI Vcm. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### DMI Link ASPM Control [L1]

This item is for the control of the Active State Power Management on SA side of the DMI link

Configuration options: [L1] [Disabled]

#### **PEG Port Configuration**



#### PEG 0:1:0

#### **Enable Root Port [Auto]**

Allows you to enable or disable the root port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

#### Max Link Speed [Auto]

Allows you to configure PEG 0:1:0 Max Speed. Configuration options: [Auto] [Gen1] [Gen2] [Gen3]

# Max Link Width [Auto]

Allows you to force PEG link to retrain to X1/2/4/8.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Force X1] [Force X2] [Force X4] [Force X8]

#### Power Down Unused Lanes [Auto]

Allows you to power down unused lanes. When set to [Auto], Bios will power down unused lanes based on the max possible link width. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

#### ASPM [Auto]

Allows you to control ASPM support for the PEG 0. This has no effect if PEG is not the currently active device.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto] [ASPM L0s] [ASPM L1] [ASPM L0sL1]

#### PEG 0:1:1

#### Enable Root Port [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the root port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

#### Max Link Speed [Auto]

Allows you to configure PEG 0:1:1 Max Speed.
Configuration options: [Auto] [Gen1] [Gen2] [Gen3]

#### Max Link Width [Auto]

Allows you to force PEG link to retrain to X1/2/4/8. Configuration options: [Auto] [Force X1] [Force X2] [Force X4]

#### Power Down Unused Lanes [Auto]

Allows you to power down unused lanes. When set to [Auto], Bios will power down unused lanes based on the max possible link width. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

#### ASPM [Auto]

Allows you to control ASPM support for the PEG 1. This has no effect if PEG is not the currently active device.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto] [ASPM L0s] [ASPM L1]

s: [Disabled] [Auto] [ASPM LUS] [ASPM L I [ASPM L0sL1]

#### PEG0 Max Payload size [Auto]

Allows you to set the PEG0 max payload size. Configuration options: [Auto] [128 TLP] [256 TLP]

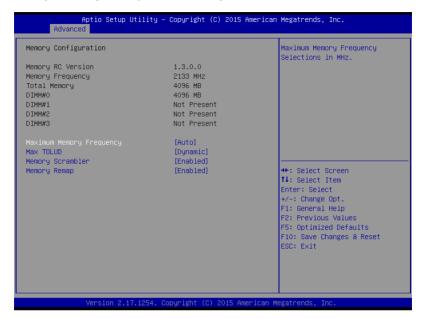
#### PEG1 Max Payload size [Auto]

Allows you to set the PEG1 max payload size.
Configuration options: [Auto] [128 TLP] [256 TLP]
Program PCle ASPM after OpRom [Disabled]
Allows you to select when to program the PCle ASPM.

[Disabled] PCIe ASPM will be programmed before OpROM. [Enabled] PCIe ASPM will be programmed after OpROM.

#### **Memory Configuration**

Allows you to change memory information settings.



#### Maximum Memory Frequency [Auto]

Allows you to set the maximum memory frequency.

Configuration options: [Auto] [1067] [1333] [1600] [1867]

[2133] [2400] [2667] [2933] [3200]

#### Max TOLUD [Dynamic]

Allows you to set the maximum value of TOLUD. Dynamic assignment would adjust TOLUD automatically based on largest MMIO length of installed graphic controller. Configuration options: [Dynamic] [1 GB] [1.25 GB] [1.75 GB] [2 GB] [2.25 GB]

[2.5 GB] [2.75 GB] [3 GB] [3.25 GB] [3.5 GB]

#### Memory Scrambler [Enabled]

Set this item to enable or disable memory scrambler support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Memory Remap [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable memory remap above 4GB.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### **PCH-IO Configuration**

Allows you to set PCH-IO parameters.



#### **PCI Express Configuration**

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2015 American Megatrends, Inc.			
PCI Express Configuration		Enable or disable PCI Express Clock Gating for each root	
PCI Express Clock Gating DMI Link ASPM Control	[Enabled] [Enabled]	port.	

#### PCI Express Clock Gating [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Express Clock Gating for each root port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

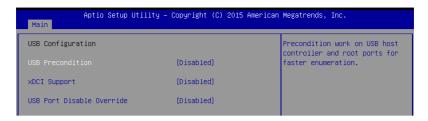
# DMI Link ASPM Control [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the control of Active State Power Management on SA side of the DMI link.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **USB** Configuration

Allows you to set the USB Configuration settings.



#### **USB Precondition [Disabled]**

Allows you to precondition work on USB host controller and root ports for faster enumeration.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### xDCI Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable xDCI (USB OTG Device).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### USB Port Disable Override [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the corresponding USB port from reporting a Device

Connection to the controller.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Select Per-Pin]

#### CLKRUN# Logic [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the CLKRUN# logic to stop the PCI clocks.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Serial IRQ Mode [Continuous]

Allows you to configure Serial IRQ mode. Configuration options: [Quiet] [Continuous]

#### High Precision Timer [Enabled]

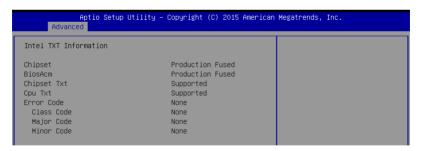
Allows you to enable or disable the High Precision Event Timer.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel Server Platform Services



#### Intel TXT Information



#### **PCI/PCIE Subsystem Settings**

Allows you to configure PCI, PCI-X, and PCI Express Settings.



#### PCI Latency Timer [32 PCI Bus Clocks]

Allows you to set the value to be programmed into PCI Latency Timer Register.

Configuration options: [32 PCI Bus Clocks] [64 PCI Bus Clocks] [96 PCI Bus Clocks]

[128 PCI Bus Clocks] [160 PCI Bus Clocks] [192 PCI Bus Clocks] [224 PCI Bus Clocks] [248 PCI Bus Clocks]

#### PERR# Generation [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Device to Generate PERR#.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SERR# Generation [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PCI Device to Generate SERR#.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Load RT32 Image [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RT32 Image Loading.

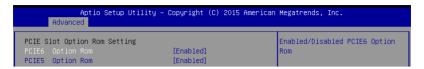
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### VGA Priority [Offboard Device]

This allows you to prioritize between onboard and the first offboard video device found. Configuration options: [Onboard Device] [Offboard Device]

5-20

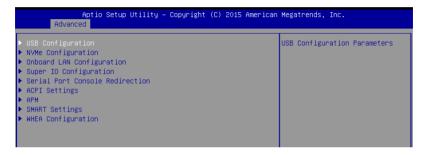
#### PCIe slot opROM option



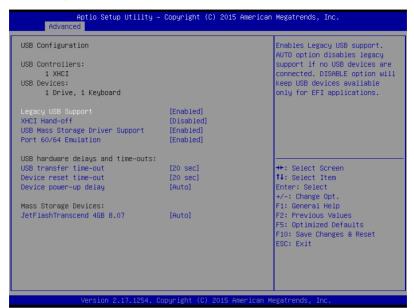
#### PCIE6/PCIE5 Option ROM [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PCIE6/PCIE5/PCIE4 Option ROM. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.4.3 Platform Configuration



# **USB Configuration**



#### Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the support for legacy USB devices. If no USB device are connected, the legacy USB support is disabled.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled] [Auto]

#### XHCI Hand-off [Disabled]

This functions as a workaround for OSes without XHCI hand-off support.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### USB Mass Storage Driver Support [Enabled]

This allows you to enable or disable the USB Mass Storage driver support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Port 60/64 Emulation [Enabled]

This allows you to enable the I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete USB keyboard legacy support for non-USB aware OSes.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### USB transfer time-out [20 sec]

Allows you to select the USB transfer time-out value. Configuration options: [1 sec] [5 sec] [10 sec] [20 sec]

#### Device reset time-out [20 sec]

Allows you to select the USB device reset time-out value. Configuration options: [10 sec] [20 sec] [30 sec] [40 sec]

#### Device power-up delay [Auto]

This allows you to set the maximum time the device will take before it properly reports itself to the Host Controller.

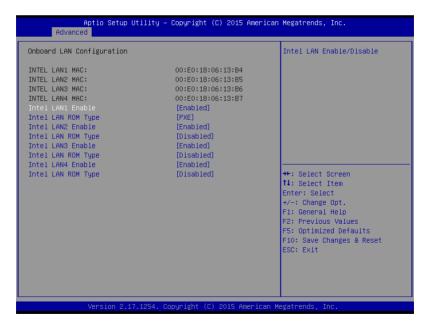
Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]

# **NVMe Configuration**



#### **Onboard LAN Configuration**

This allows you to enable or disable the onboard LAN.



#### Intel LAN1-4 Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel LAN. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel LAN ROM Type [PXE]/[Disabled]

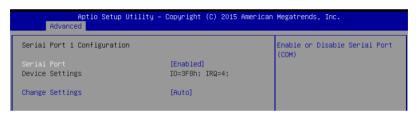
Allows you to select the Intel LAN ROM type. Configuration options: [Disabled] [PXE] [iSCSI]

#### **Super IO Configuration**



#### **Serial Port 1 Configuration**

Allows you to set the parameters of Serial Port 1.



#### Serial Port [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Serial Port (COM).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to choose the setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;]

[IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

[IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

[IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

[IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

#### **Serial Port 2 Configuration**

Allows you to set the parameters of Serial Port 2.



#### Serial Port [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Serial Port (COM). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to choose the setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3;]

[IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

[IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

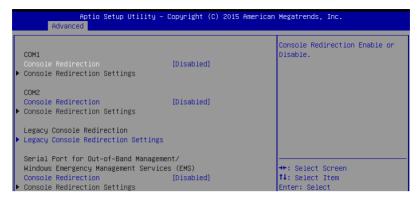
#### Change Settings [Standard Serial Port Mode]

Allows you to choose the setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Standard Serial Port Mode] [IrDA Active pulse 1.6 uS]

[IrDA Active pulse 3/16 bit time] [ASKIR Mode]

#### Serial Port Console Redirection



#### COM1/COM2 Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The **Console Redirection Settings** becomes configurable when **Console Redirection** is set to [Enabled].

#### **Console Redirection Settings**

The settings specify how the host computer and the remote computer (which the user is using) will exchange data. Both computers should have the same or compatible settings.



#### Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type.

[VT100] ASCII char set.

[VT100+] Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, etc.

[VT-UTF8] Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes.

[ANSI] Extended ASCII char set.

#### Bits per second [57600]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side.

Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [38400] [57600] [115200]

#### Data Bits [8]

Allows you to set the data bits. Configuration options: [7] [8]

#### Parity [None]

Allows you to select the parity bit. A parity bit is sent with the data bits to detect transmission errors.

Configuration options: [None] [Even] [Odd] [Mark] [Space]

#### Stop Bits [1]

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet (a start bit indicates the beginning). The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

Configuration options: [1] [2]

#### Flow Control [Hardware RTS/CTS]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a "stop" signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a "start" signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.

Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS]

#### VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support [Enabled]

This allows you to enable the VT-UTF8 Combination Key Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Recorder Mode [Disabled]

This allows you to enable or disable the Recorder Mode to capture Terminal data.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Legacy OS Redirection Resolution [80x24]

This allows you to set the number of rows and columns supported on the Legacy OS.

Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

#### Putty Keypad [VT100]

This allows you to select the FunctionKey and Keypad on Putty.

Configuration options: [VT100] [LINUX] [XTERMR6] [SCO] [ESCN] [VT400]

#### Redirection After BIOS POST [Always Enable]

This setting allows you to specify if BootLoader is selected then Legacy console redirection.

Configuration options: [Always Enable] [BootLoader]

#### **Legacy Console Redirection Settings**

# Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2015 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced Legacy Serial Redirection Port [COM1] Select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM Messages

#### Legacy Serial Redirection Port [COM1]

Allows you to select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM Messages.

Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

#### Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set Console Redirection to [Enabled].

Advanced		
	[COM1]	Microsoft Windows Emergency
Terminal Type	[VT-UTF8]	Management Services (EMS)
Bits per second	[115200]	allows for remote management
Flow Control	[None]	of a Windows Server OS throug
Data Bits	8	a serial port.
Parity	None	
Stop Bits	1	

#### **Console Redirection Settings**

#### Out-of-Band Mgmt Port [COM1]

Allows remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

#### Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type for out-of-band management. Configuration options: [VT100] [VT100+] [VT-UTF8] [ANSI]

#### Bits per second [115200]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds. Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [57600] [115200]

#### Flow Control [None]

Allows you to set the flow control to prevent data loss from buffer overflow. Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS] [Software Xon/Xoff]

#### **ACPI Settings**



#### **Enable Hibernation [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable the ability of the system to hibernate (OS/S4 Sleep State).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



This option may be not be effective with some OS.

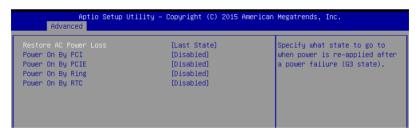
#### ACPI Sleep State [S3 (Suspend to RAM)]

Allows you to select the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the SUSPEND button is pressed.

Configuration options: [Suspend Disabled] [S3 (Suspend to RAM)]

#### **APM**

Allows you to configure the Advance Power Management (APM) settings.



#### Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

Allows you to set the state the system will go to after an AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

#### Power On By PCI [Disabled]

You can use this option to enable or disable the Wake-on-LAN feature of the Intel LAN. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Power On By PCIE [Disabled]

This allows you to enable or disable the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Power On By Ring [Disabled]

This allows you to enable or disable the Ring devices to generate a wake event. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



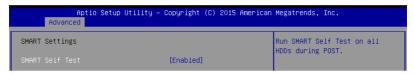
This item functions only if there is a serial port (COM1) connector on a motherboard.

#### Power On By RTC [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable RTC to generate a wake event. When set to [Enabled], the items RTC Alarm Date (Days) and Hour/Minute/Second becomes user-configurable where you can set values.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **SMART Settings**

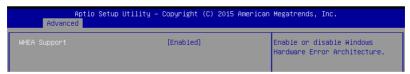


#### SMART Self Test [Enabled]

Allows you to run SMART Self Test on all HDDs during POST.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# **WHEA Configuration**



#### WHEA Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the WHEA (Windows Hardware Error Architecture) support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.4.4 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects. Some items may not appear if your CPU does not support the related functions.

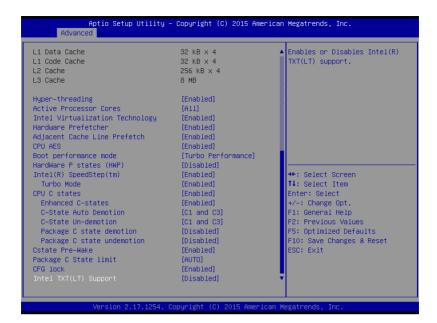


Navigate to the second page of the screen to see the rest of items in this menu by pressing the Up or Down arrow keys.



To quickly go to the last item of the second page, press the **Page Down** button. Press the **Page Up** button to go back to the first item in the first page.

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## Hyper-threading [Enabled]

This item allows a hyper-threading processor to appear as two logical processors, allowing the operating system to schedule two threads or processors simultaneously.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Active Processor Cores [All]**

Allows you to choose the number of CPU cores to activate in each processor package. Configuration options: [All] [1] [2] [3]

# Intel Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Hardware Prefetcher [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the MLC streamer perfetcher.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable prefetching of adjacent cache lines.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## CPU AES [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the CPU Advance Encryption Standard instructions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## **Boot performance mode [Turbo Performance]**

This item allows you to select the performance state that the BIOS will set before OS handoff. Configuration options: [Max Non-Turbo Performance] [Turbo Performance]

## HardWare P states (HWP) [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable HWP support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm) [Enabled]

Allows your system to adjust the CPU's voltage and cores frequency, resulting in decreased power consumption and heat production.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appear only when you set the Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm) to [Enabled].

#### Turbo Mode [Enabled]

This item allows you to automatically set the CPU cores to run faster than the base operating frequency when it is below the operating power, current and temperature specification limit.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

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### CPU C states [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the CPU C states. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appear only when you set the CPU C states to [Enabled].

#### Enhanced C-States [Enabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable C1E. When enabled, CPU will switch to minimum speed when all cores enter C-State.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### C-State Auto Demotion [C1 and C3]

Allows you to enable or disable the Auto Demotion of C-State. Configuration options: [Disabled] [C1] [C3] [C1 and C3]

#### C-State Un-demotion [C1 and C3]

Allows you to enable or disable the Un-demotion of C-State.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [C1] [C3] [C1 and C3]

#### Package C state demotion [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Package C state demotion.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Package C state undemotion [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Package C state undemotion.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### CState Pre-Wake [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the CState Pre-Wake. Selecting [Disabled] will set bit 30 of POWER\_CTL MSR(0x1FC) to 1 to disable the CState Pre-Wake.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Package C State limit [AUTO]

Allows you set the Package C State limit.

Configuration options: [C0/C1] [C2] [C3] C6] [C7] [C7s] [C8] [AUTO]

#### CFG lock [Enabled]

Allows you to configure MSR 0xE2[15], CFG lock bit.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel TXT(LT) Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel(R) TXT(LT) support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.4.5 SATA Configuration



## SATA Controller(s) [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA Device. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### SATA Mode Selection [AHCI]

This allows you to choose how SATA controller(s) should operate. Configuration options: [AHCI] [RAID]

## **Software Feature Mask Configuration**

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2015 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced			
RAIDO	[Enabled]	Enable or disable RAIDO	
RAID1	[Enabled]	feature.	
RAID10	[Enabled]		
RAID5	[Enabled]		
Intel Rapid Recovery Technology	[Enabled]		
OROM UI and BANNER	[Enabled]		
HDD Unlock	[Enabled]		
LED Locate	[Enabled]		
IRRT Only on eSATA	[Enabled]		
Smart Response Technology	[Enabled]		
OROM UI Normal Delay	[4 sec]		
RST Force Form	[Disabled]		

#### RAID0 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the RAID0 feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### RAID1 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the RAID1 feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### RAID10 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the RAID10 feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### RAID5 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the RAID5 feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Intel Rapid Recovery Technology [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Rapid Recovery Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## **OROM UI and BANNER [Enabled]**

[Disabled] No OROM banner or information will be displayed if all disks and

**BAID** volumes are Normal.

[Enabled] OROM UI is shown.

#### HDD Unlock [Enabled]

Selecting [Enabled] will indicate that the HDD password unlock in the OS is enabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### LED Locate [Enabled]

Selecting [Enabled] will indicate that the LED/SGPIO hardware is attached and ping to

locate feature is enabled on the OS.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### DDT 0

IRRT Only on eSATA [Enabled]

[Disabled] Any RAID volume can span internal and eSATA drives.

[Enabled] Only IRRT volumes can span internal and eSATA drives.

#### Smart Response Technology [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Smart Response Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### OROM UI Normal Delay [4 sec]

Allows you to select the delay time of the OROM UI Splash Screen in a normal status.

Configuration options: [2 sec] [4 sec] [6 sec] [8 sec]

#### RST Force Form [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Form for Intel Rapid Storage Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SATA Port 1-6

#### Port 1-6 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Mechanical Presence Switch [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable reporting if the port has an Mechanical Presence Switch.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Spin Up Device [Disabled]

Enable this option to start a COMERSET initialization sequence to the device on an edge detect from 0 to 1.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]
SATA Device Type [Hard Disk Drive]

Allows you to set whether the SATA port is connected to Solid State Drive or Hard Disk

Drive.

Configuration options: [Hard Disk Drive] [Solid State Drive]

#### Device Sleep [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the mSata for RTD3.

Configuration Options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SATA DEVSLEP Idle Timeout Config [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable SATA DTIO Config.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.4.6 Network Stack Configuration

Aptio S Advanced	Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2015 Americar	Megatrends, Inc.
Network Stack	[Disabled]	Enable/Disable UEFI Network Stack

#### Network Stack [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or isable UEFI Network Stack.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

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# 5.4.7 CSM Configuration



## **CSM Support [Enabled]**

This option allows you to enable or disable CSM Support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### GateA20 Active [Upon Request]

This allows you to set the GA20 option.

[Upon Request] GA20 can be disabled using BIOS services.

[Always] Do not allow disabling GA20; this option is useful when any RT code is

executed above 1MB

## **Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]**

This allows you to set the display mode for Option ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

## **Boot Option filter [Legacy only]**

This option allows you to control the Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority. Configuration options: [UEFI and Legacy] [Legacy only] [UEFI only]

## Network / Storage / Video [Legacy]

This option allows you to control the execution of UEFI and Legacy PXE/Storage/Video OpROM.

Configuration options: [UEFI] [Legacy]

## Other PCI devices [Legacy]

This item determines the OPROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage, or Video.

Configuration options: [UEFI] [Legacy]

# 5.4.8 iSCSI Configuration

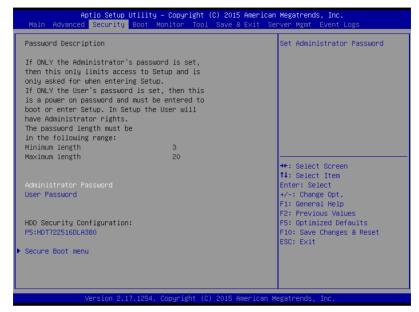
Allows you to configure the iSCSI parameters.



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# 5.5 Security menu

This menu allows a new password to be created or a current password to be changed. The menu also enables or disables the Secure Boot state and lets the user configure the System Mode state.



#### **Administrator Password**

To set an Administrator Password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- From the Create New Administrator Password box, key in a password, then press Fnter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- From the Enter Current Administrator Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- From the Create New Administrator Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.



To clear the Administrator Password, follow the same steps as in changing an Administrator Password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password.

#### User Password

To set a User Password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New User Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change a user password:

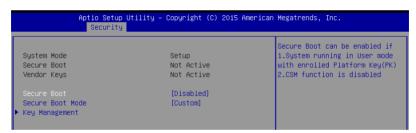
- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- From the Enter Current User Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the Create New User Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.



To clear the User Password, follow the same steps as in changing a User Password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password.

## Secure Boot Menu

This item allows you to customize the Secure Boot settings.



#### Secure Boot [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable the Secure Boot flow control.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Secure Boot Mode [Custom]

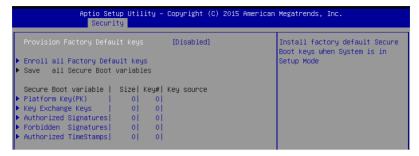
This item allows you to select the mode of the Secure Boot to change Image Execution policy and manage Secure Boot Keys.

Configuration options: [Standard] [Custom]

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## **Key Management**

This item only appears when you set the Secure Boot Mode to **[Custom]**. This allows you to modify Secure Boot variables and set Key Management page.



#### Provision Factory Default Keys [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Enroll All Factory Default Keys**

This item will ask you if you want to install all Factory Default secure variables. Select Yes if you want to load the default secure variables, otherwise select No.

#### Platform Kev (PK)

Configuration options: [Set New Key] [Delete Key]

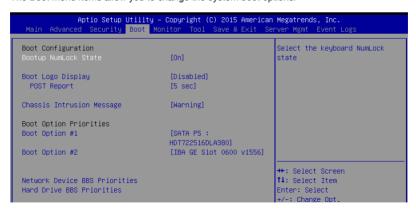
Key Exchange Keys / Authorized Signatures

/ Forbidden Signatures / Authorized TimeStamps

Configuration options: [Set New Key] [Append Key] [Delete Key]

## 5.6 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options.



# Bootup NumLock State [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock.

Configuration options: [On] [Off]

## Boot Logo Display [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature.

[Auto] Auto adjustment for Windows requirements.

[Full Screen] Maximize the boot logo size. [Disabled] Hide the logo during POST.

#### POST Report [5 sec]

Allows you to set the desired POST Report waiting time from 1 to 10 seconds.

Configuration options: [1 sec] – [10 sec] [Until Press ESC]

## Chassis Intrusion Message [Warning]

Allows you to set an action when chassis intrusion has occurred.

[Warning] Warning beep and pause at intrusion message for 3 seconds.

[Halt] Halt at intrusion message.

#### **Boot Option Priorities**

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.



- To select the boot device during system startup, press <F8> when ASUS Logo appears.
- To access Windows OS in Safe Mode, please press <F8> after POST.

#### CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities

These items appear only when you connect SATA ODD to the SATA ports and allow you to set the booting order of the SATA devices.

#### **Network Device BBS Priorities**

These items appear only when you connect SATA ODD or hard drive to the SATA ports and allow you to set the booting order of the SATA devices.

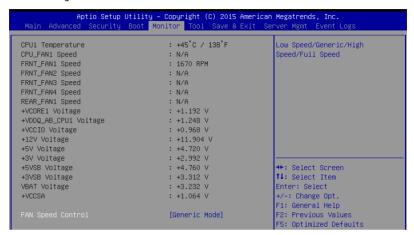
#### Hard Drive BBS Priorities

These items appear only when you connect SATA ODD or hard drive to the SATA ports and allow you to set the booting order of the SATA devices.

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## 5.7 Monitor menu

The Monitor menu displays the system temperature/power status, and allows you to change the fan settings.



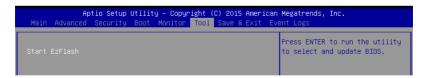
## Fan Speed Control [Generic Mode]

Allows you to configure the ASUS Smart Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Generic Mode] [High Speed Mode] [Full Speed Mode]

## 5.8 Tool menu

The Tool menu items allow you to configure options for special functions. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the submenu.



#### **ASUS EZ Flash**

Allows you to run the Start EzFlash utility. For more information, see section **5.1.2 ASUS EzFlash Utility**.

## 5.9 Save & Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.





Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

## **Discard Changes and Exit**

Exit System setup without saving any changes.

#### Save Changes and Reset

Reset the system setup after saving the changes.

#### **Restore Defaults**

Restore/Load default values for all the setup options.

#### **Boot Override**

These items display the available devices. The device items that appear on the screen depend on the number of devices installed in the system. Click an item to start booting from the selected device.

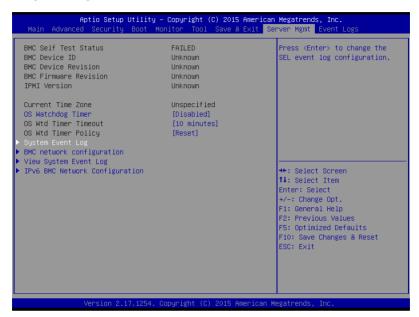
## Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to launch EFI Shell application (Shell.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

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# 5.10 Server Mgmt menu

The Server Management menu displays the server management status and allows you to change the settings.



## OS Watchdog Timer [Disabled]

This item allows you to start a BIOS timer which can only be shut off by Management Software after the OS loads.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]



The following items is configurable only when the OS Watchdog Timer is set to [Enabled].

# OS Wtd Timer Timeout [10 minutes]

Allows you to configure the length for the OS Boot Watchdog Timer. Configuration options: [5 minutes] [10 minutes] [15 minutes] [20 minutes]

#### OS Wtd Timer Policy [Reset]

This item allows you to configure how the system should respond if the OS Boot Watch Timer expires.

Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Reset] [Power Down] [Power Cycle]

## System Event Log

Allows you to change the System Event Log configuration.



- The following items appears only when you set SEL Components to [Enabled].
- All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

#### SEL Components [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable all features of system Event Logging during boot.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Erase SEL [No]

Allows you to choose options for erasing SEL.

Configuration options: [No] [Yes, On next reset] [Yes, On every reset]

#### When SEL is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full SEL. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

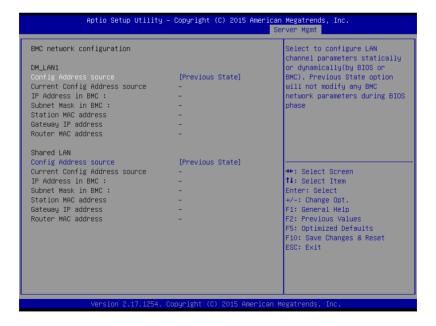
#### Log EFI Status Codes [Error code]

Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes, or log only error code, or only progress code, or both.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Both] [Error code] [Progress code]

#### **BMC** network configuration

The sub-items in this configuration allow you to configure the BMC network parameters.



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#### Config Address source DM\_LAN1 / Shared LAN [Previous State]

This item allows you to configure LAN channel parameters statistically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Previous State option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase.

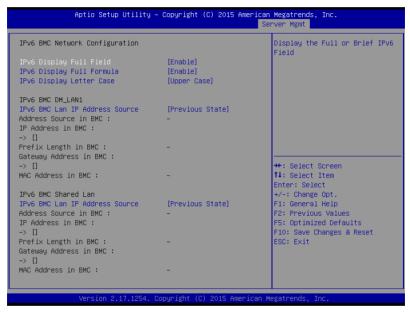
Configuration options: [Previous State] [Static] [DynamicBmcDhcp]

#### **View System Event Log**

This item allows you to view the System Event Log Records.

### **IPv6 BMC Network Configuration**

This item allows you to configure the parameter settings of IPv6 BMC network.



#### IPv6 Display Full Field [Enable]

Displays the Full or Brief IPv6 Field. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

#### IPv6 Display Full Formula [Enable]

Displays the Full or Brief IPv6 Formula. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

## IPv6 Display Letter Case [Upper Case]

Displays the uppercase or lowercase letters of the alphabet.

Configuration options: [Lower Case] [Upper Case]

## IPv6 BMC LAN IP Address source [Previous State]

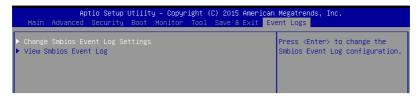
Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC).

Configuration options: [Previous State] [Static]

[Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP]

# 5.11 Event Logs menu

The Event Logs menu items allow you to change the event log settings and view the system event logs.



## **Change Smbios Event Log Settings**



#### Smbios Event Log [Enabled]

Change this to enable or disable all features of Smbios Event Logging during boot.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Erase Event Log [No]

Choose options for erasing Smbios Event Log. Erasing is done prior to any logging

activation during reset.

Configuration options: [No] [Yes, Next reset] [Yes, Every reset]

#### When Log is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full Smbios Event Log.

Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

## Log System Boot Event [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable logging of System boot event.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### MECI [1]

Allows you to set the value for the number of occurrences of a duplicate event that must pass before the multiple-event counter of log entry is updated. Use the <+> and <-> kevs to adjust the value.

Configuration options: [1] - [255]

#### METW [60]

Allows you to set the value for the number of minutes which must pass between duplicate log entries which utilize a multiple-event counter. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value.

Configuration options: [0] - [99]

#### Log OEM Codes [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the logging of EFI Status Codes as OEM codes (if not already converted to legacy).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## Convert OEM Codes [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the converting of EFI Status Codes to Standard Smbios Types (not all may be translated).

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# **RAID Configuration**

6

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating, and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

# 6.1 Setting up RAID

The motherboard comes with the Intel® C232 controller that supports Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise Option ROM Utility with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 support (for Windows® OS only).

## 6.1.1 RAID definitions

**RAID 0** (*Data striping*) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

**RAID 1** (*Data mirroring*) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

**RAID 10** is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

**RAID 5** stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.



- If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support DVD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.
- Please refer to Chapter 2 for how to select the RAID configuration utility. Move the jumper to choose between LSI MegaRAID and Intel® Rapid RAID.

## 6.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

- Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system
  user quide.
- Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
- 3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

# 6.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by Intel® C612 chipset.

To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- 2. Go to the Advanced Menu > PCH SATA Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Mode to [RAID]
- 4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 5 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

# 6.1.4 RAID configuration utilities

Depending on the RAID connectors that you use, you can create a RAID set using the utilities embedded in each RAID controller. For example, use the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM Utility if you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives on the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Intel® C232 chipset.

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# 6.2 Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA/SSATA Option ROM Utility

The Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA/SSATA Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.



Before you proceed, ensure that you have installed the Serial ATA hard disk drives, have set the correct jumper settings of the motherboard, and have set the correct SATA mode in the BIOS setup. You can refer to the **Installing hard disk drives, Setting Jumpers**, and **Setting the RAID mode sections in BIOS** for more information.

To launch the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA/SSATA Option ROM utility:

- 1. Turn on the system.
- 2. During POST, press <Ctrl>+<l> to display the utility main menu.

```
____[ MAIN MENU ]
       1. Create RAID Volume
                                      3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
        2. Delete RAID Volume
                                      4 Evit
                    == [ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION] =
   RAID Volumes:
   None defined.
   Physical Disks:
   ID Drive Model
0 ST3300656SS
                    Serial #
                                         Size
                                                Type/Status(Vol ID)
                    HWAS0000991753TR
                                       279.3GB
                    37VN00009846RAJ1
397600009846UEDY
                                       279.3GB
279.3GB
       ST3300656SS
       ST3300656SS
                    GWC50000991756G6
       ST3300656SS
   [↑↓]-Select
                           [ESC]-Exit
                                              [ENTER] - Select Menu
```

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.



The RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.

# 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- 2. Key in a name for the RAID set and press <Enter>.

```
Intel (R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.6.0.1023

Copyright(C) 2003-12 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

[ CREATE VOLUME MENU ]

Name:

Volume0

RAID Level: RAIDO (Strips)
Disks: Select Disks
Strip Size: 128KB
Capacity: 0.0 GB
Syne: N/A
Create Volume

[ HELP ]

Enter a unique volume name that has no special characters and is
16 characters or less.
```

- Press the up/down arrow keys to select a RAID Level that you wish to create then press <Enter>.
- From the **Disks** item field, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives that you want to include in the RAID set.



Use the up/down arrow keys to move the selection bar then press <Space> to select a
disk. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter>
when you are done.

6. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only) then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values:

RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB RAID 5: 64KB



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

- 7. In the **Capacity** field item, key in the RAID volume capacity that you want to use and press <Enter>. The default value field indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
- 8. Press <Enter> to start creating the RAID volume.
- 9. From the following warning message, press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or press <N> to go back to the **CREATE VOLUME** menu.

MARNING: ALL DAYA ON SELECTED DISKS WILL BE LOST.

Are you sure you want to create this volume? (Y/N):

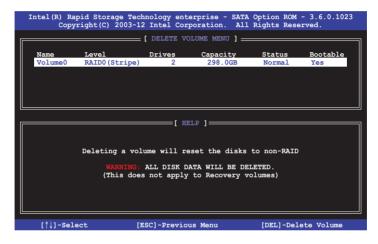
# 6.2.2 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

#### To delete a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 2. Delete RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- From the Delete Volume Menu, press the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set you want to delete then press <Del>.



 Press <Y> to confirm deletion of the selected RAID set and return to the utility main menu, or press <N> to return to the **DELETE VOLUME** menu.

```
(This does not apply to Recovery volumes)

Are you sure you want to delete volume "Volume0"? (Y/N):
```

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# 6.2.3 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

#### To reset a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID and press <Enter>.
- Press the up/down arrow keys to select the drive(s) or disks of the RAID set you want to reset, then press <Space>. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done.



 Press <Y> in the confirmation window to reset the drive(s) or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

# 6.2.4 Exiting the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA/SSATA Option ROM utility

To exit the utility:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 4. Exit then press <Enter>.
- 2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

```
[ CONFIRM EXIT ]

Are you sure you want to exit? (Y/N):
```

# 6.2.5 Rebuilding the RAID



This option is only for the RAID 1 set.

#### Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID 1 array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "**Degraded**" during POST. You can rebuild the RAID array with other installed non-RAID disks.

To rebuild the RAID with other non-RAID disk:

- During POST, press <Ctrl>+<l> at the prompt to enter the Intel Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility.
- If there is a non-RAID SATA Hard Disk available, the utility will prompt you to rebuild
  the RAID. Press the up/down arrow keys to select the destination disk then Press

   Enter> to start the rebuilding process, or press <ESC> to exit.

```
"Degraded" volume and disk available for rebuilding detected. Selecting a disk initiates a rebuild. Rebuild completes in the operating system.

Select the port of destination disk for rebuilding (ESC to exit):
Port Drive Model Serial # Size
X XXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXX.GB
```



Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

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The utility immediately starts rebuilding after the disk is selected. When done, the status of the degraded RAID volume is changed to "Rebuild".

```
=== [ MAIN MENU ]=
       1. Create RAID Volume
                                      3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
        2. Delete RAID Volume
                                      4. Exit
                      = [ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION] =
                                                  *=Data is Encrypted
  RAID Volumes:
  ID
      Name
                Level1
                               Strip
                                            Size
                                                   Status
Rebuild
                                                             Bootable
      Volume0
                RAID1 (Mirror)
                                         149.0GB
  Physical Devices:
  Port Drive Model
1 ST3160812AS
                    Serial #
                                         Size
                                                 Type/Status(Vol ID)
                     9LS0F4HL
                                       149.0GB
                                                  Member Disk(0)
Member Disk(0)
       ST3160812AS
                                       149.0GB
Volumes with "Rebuild" status will be rebuilt within the operating system.
   [↑↓]-Select
                           [ESC]-Exit
                                              [ENTER] - Select Menu
```

- 4. Press <Esc> to exit Intel Rapid Storage Technology and reboot the system.
- Select Start > Programs > Intel Rapid Storage > Intel Rapid Storage Console or click the Intel Rapid Storage Technology tray icon to load the Intel Rapid Storage Manager utility.
- From the View menu, select Advanced Mode to display the details of the Intel Rapid Storage Console.
- From the Volumes view option, select RAID volume to view the rebuilding status.
   When finished, the status is changed to "Normal".

#### Rebuilding the RAID with a new hard disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "Degraded" during POST. You may replace the disk drive and rebuild the RAID array.

To rebuild the RAID with a new hard disk:

 Remove the failed SATA hard disk and install a new SATA hard disk of the same specification into the same SATA Port.



Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

Reboot the system then follow the steps in section Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk.

# 6.2.6 Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility

You can set the boot priority sequence in the BIOS for your RAID arrays when creating multi-RAID using the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility.

To set the boot array in the BIOS:



Set at least one of the arrays bootable to boot from the hard disk.

- 1. Reboot the system and press <Del> to enter the BIOS setup utility during POST.
- 2. Go to the **Boot** menu and select the boot option priority.
- Use up/down arrow keys to select the boot priority and press <Enter>. See the Boot menu section of Chapter 4 for more details.
- 4. From the **Exit** menu, select **Save Changes & Exit**, then press <Enter>.
- 5. When the confirmation window appears, select **Yes**, then press <Enter>.

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# 6.3 Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise (Windows)

The Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.

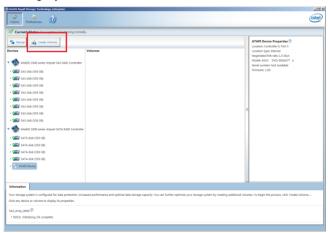


You need to manually install the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility on a Windows® operating system. Please refer to the installation instructions in Chapter 6.

To enter the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility under Windows operating system:

- 1. Turn on the system and go to the windows desktop.
- 2. Click the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise icon to display the main menu.

Your storage system is configured for data protection, increased performance and optimal data storage capacity. You can create additional volumes to further optimize your storage system.



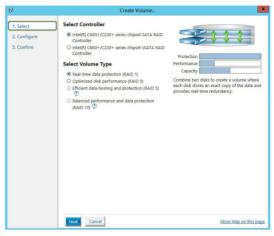


You can click **Rescan** to re-scan any attached hard disks.

# 6.3.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select **Create Volume** and select volume type.
- Click Next.



- 3. Enter a name for the RAID set, then select the array disks.
- 4. Select **Volume Size** tab, you can drag the bar to decide the volume size.
- Click Next.





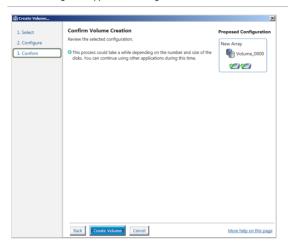
- If you do not want to keep the data on one of the selected disks, select NO when prompted.
- If you want to Enable volume write-back cache or Initialize volume, click Advanced.

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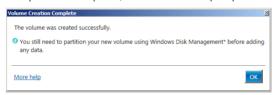
6. Confirm the volume creation, than click **Create Volume** to continue.



This process could take a while depending on the number and size of the disks. You can continue using other applications during this time.



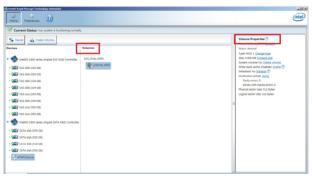
7. Wait until the process is completed, then click **OK** when prompted.





You still need to partition your new volume using Windows Disk Management before adding any data.

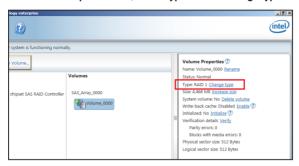
The RAID set is displayed in the  ${\bf Volumes}$  list and you can change the settings in  ${\bf Volume}$   ${\bf Properties}$ .



## 6.3.2 Changing a Volume Type

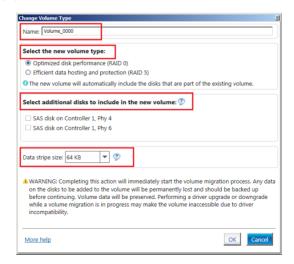
To change the volume type in Volume Properties:

- 1. Click the SATA array items you want to change in Volumes field.
- 2. From the Volume Properties field, select Type:RAID 1 Change type.



- You can change the Name, Select the new volume type, and Select additional disks to include in the new volume if needed.
- 4. Select the **Data stripe size** for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only), and click **OK**. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values:

RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB RAID 5: 64KB





We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

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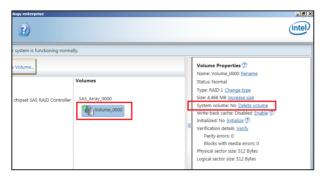
# 6.3.3 Deleting a volume



Be cautious when deleting a volume. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives. Before you proceed, ensure that you back up all your important data from your hard drives.

#### To delete a volume:

 From the utility main menu, select the volume (exp. Volume\_0000) in Volumes field you want to delete.



2. Select **Delete volume** in **Volume Properties** field. The following screen appears.

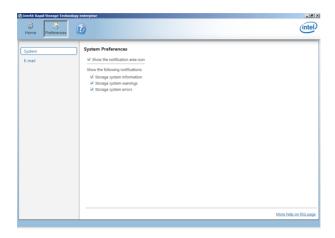


 Click Yes to delete the volume and return to the utility main menu, or click No to return to the main menu.

## 6.3.4 Preferences

### **System Preferences**

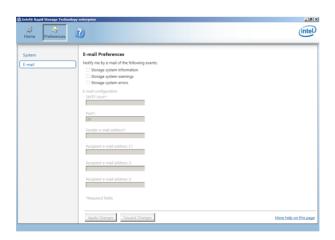
Allow you to set to show the notification area icon and show system information, warning, or errors here.



#### E-Mail Preferences

Allow you to set to sent e-mail of the following events:

- Storage system information
- Storage system warnings
- Storage system errors



# **Driver Installation**

This chapter provides the instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components in both Linux® and Windows® Operating Systems.

### 7.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides the instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

## 7.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



The system does not include a floppy drive. You have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk.

A floppy disk with the RAID driver is required when installing Windows® or Red Hat® Enterprise operating system on a hard disk drive that is included in a RAID set. You can create a RAID driver disk in DOS (using the Makedisk application in the support DVD).

To create a RAID driver disk in DOS environment:

- 1. Place the motherboard support DVD in the optical drive.
- 2. Restart your computer.
- 3. Enter the BIOS Setup.
- Select the optical drive as the first boot priority to boot from the support DVD. Save your changes.
- Exit the BIOS Setup and restart your computer.
  - The following Makedisk menu appears.
- 6. Select the C23x INTEL RAID Driver and press <Enter> to go to the sub-menu.



7. From the C23x Intel RAID Driver sub-menu, use the Up or Down arrow keys to select the driver and press <Enter> to create the RAID driver disk.

```
C23x INTEL RAID Driver
Windows 32 bit (AHCI / AHCI RAID)
Windows Server 2012 64 bit (AHCI / AHCI RAID)
Back
Exit
```

8. Select YES from the following warning message then press <Enter>.

```
WARNING !!!
ALL DATA ON THE FLOPPY DISKETTE WILL BE DELETED !!
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE ?

NO YES
```

 On the following Important message, select YES if an ASMB7 is installed, otherwise select NO, then press <Enter>.



- Insert the formatted diskette into the disk drive and press <Enter> to write the image to the disk
- 11. Press any key to continue when prompted.

The Create Driver Diskette Menu appears after the creation of the diskette is finished.

To create a RAID driver disk in Windows® environment:

- Start Windows<sup>®</sup>.
- 2. Place the motherboard support DVD into the optical drive.
- 3. Go to the Make disk menu, then select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create.
- 4. Insert a floppy disk into the USB floppy disk drive.
- 5. Follow succeeding screen instructions to complete the process.



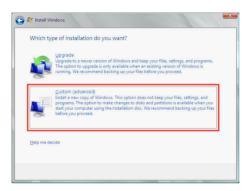
Write-protect the floppy disk to avoid computer virus infection.

### 7.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

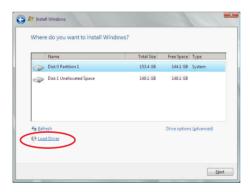
## During Windows® Server 2008 OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server 2008 OS:

- Boot the computer using the Windows® Server 2008 OS installation disc. Follow the screen instructions to start installing Windows Server 2008.
- 2. When prompted to choose a type of installation, click **Custom (advanced)**.



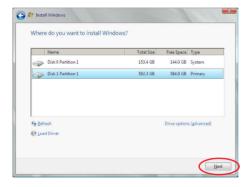
3. Click Load Driver.



4. A message appears reminding you to insert the installation media containing the driver of the RAID controller driver. If you have only one optical drive installed in your system, eject the Windows OS installation disc and replace with the motherboard Support DVD into the optical drive. Click **Browse** to continue.



- Locate the driver in the corresponding folder of the Support DVD, and then click OK to continue.
- 6. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list and click Next.
- When the system finishes loading the RAID driver, replace the motherboard Support DVD with the Windows Server installation disc. Select the drive to install Windows and click Next.



8. Follow succeeding screen instructions to continue.

## 7.2 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that is bundled with your motherboard contains drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to maximize the features of your motherboard.



- The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit
  the ASUS website (www.asus.com) for the latest updates on software and utilities.
- The support DVD is supported on Windows® Server 2008 R2 and Windows® Server 2012

## 7.3 Running the Support DVD

When you place the support DVD into the optical drive, the DVD automatically displays the main screen if Autorun is enabled in your computer. By default, the Drivers tab is displayed.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

The main screen of the Support DVD contains the following tabs:

- Drivers
- 2. Utilities
- 3. Manual
- Contact



The main screen of the Support DVD looks exactly the same on the Windows® Server 2008 R2 and on the Windows® Server 2012 Operating System (OS).

### 7.3.1 Drivers menu tab

The Drivers Menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



### 7.3.2 Utilities menu tab

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports.



### 7.3.3 Manual menu tab



You need an internet browser installed in your OS to view the User Guide.



### 7.3.4 Contact information menu

The Contact menu displays the ASUS contact information, e-mail addresses, and useful links if you need more information or technical support for your motherboard.



## 7.3.5 Installing the Intel® Chipset device Software driver

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel® chipset device software on the system. You need to manually install the Intel® chipset device software on a Windows® Operating System. To install the Intel® chipset device software on Windows® Server 2008 R2:

- 1. Restart the computer.
- 2. Log in with **Administrator** privileges.
- 3. Insert the Motherboard Support DVD to the optical drive.

The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

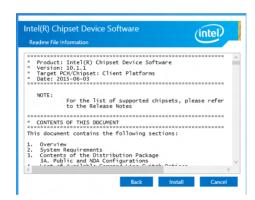
- 4. Click Intel<sup>®</sup> Chipset Device Software from the Drivers menu to start the installation.
- 5. The Intel® Chipset Device Software window appears. Click Next to start installation.



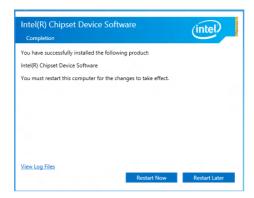
6. Select **Yes** to accept the terms of the **License Agreement** and continue the process.



7. Read the **Readme File Information** and press **Install** to continue the installation.



8. Press **Restart Now** to complete the setup process.



## 7.4 Installing the Intel® I210 Gigabit Adapters driver

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel® I210 Gigabits Adapter Driver on the system.

To install the Intel® I210 Gigabit Adapters Driver on the Windows® operating system:

- 1. Restart the computer.
- 2. Log on with Administrator privileges.
- 3. Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive.

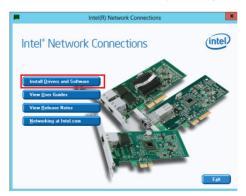


If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

 Click Intel<sup>®</sup> I210 Gigabit Adapters Drivers in the Drivers menu of the main screen to start the installation.



5. Click Install Drivers and Software option to begin installation.



 Click Next when the Intel(R) Network Connections-InstallShield Wizard window appears.



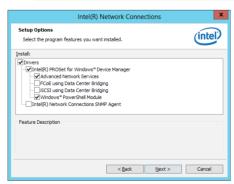
7. Tick I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next to continue.



8. From the **Setup Options** window, click **Next** to start the installation.



By default, Intel(R) PROSet for Windows Device Manager and Windows PowerShell Module are ticked.



9. Click **Install** to start the installation.



10. When the installation is done, press **Finish** to complete the installation.



## 7.5 Installing the VGA driver

This section provides the instructions on how to install the **ASPEED Video Graphics Adapter (VGA)** driver.

To install the ASPEED VGA driver:

- 1. Restart the computer.
- 2. Log in with Administrator privileges.
- 3. Insert the Motherboard Support DVD to the optical drive.

The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

 From the Main Menu, click ASPEED AST1400/AST2400 Display Driver on the Drivers tab to start the installation.



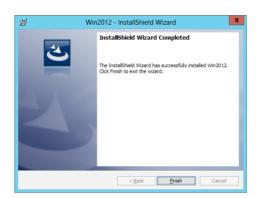
5. From the installation window, click **Next** to start the installation.



6. Click **Install** to proceed with the installation.



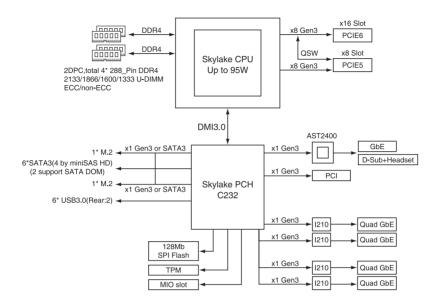
7. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.



**Appendix** 



## P10S-C/4L/SYS block diagram



A-2 Appendix

### **ASUS** contact information

### ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC.

Address 4F, No. 150, Li-Te Rd., Peitou, Taipei 112, Taiwan

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**Technical Support** 

Telephone +86-21-38429911

Fax +86-21-58668722 ext: 9101

Online Support <a href="https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/">https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/</a>

questionform/?lang=en

## **ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC. (Taiwan)**

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Telephone +886-2-2894-3447 Fax +886-2-2890-7798 Web site https://www.asus.com/tw/

**Technical Support** 

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Online Support <a href="https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/">https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/</a>

questionform/?lang=zh-tw

## **ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC. (China)**

Address No. 5077, Jindu Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China

Telephone +86-21-5442-1616 Fax +86-21-5442-0099 Web site https://www.asus.com.cn

Technical Support

Telephone +86-20-2804-7506 (400-620-6655)

Online Support <a href="https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/">https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/</a>

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### **ASUS** contact information

## **ASUS COMPUTER INTERNATIONAL (America)**

Address 800 Corporate Way, Fremont, CA 94539, USA

Fax +1-510-608-4555

Web site https://www.asus.com/us/

**Technical Support** 

Support fax +1-812-284-0883 General support +1-812-282-2787

Online support https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/

questionform/?lang=en-us

### **ASUS COMPUTER GmbH (Germany and Austria)**

Address Harkort Str. 21-23, 40880 Ratingen, Germany

Fax +49-2102-959911

Web site <a href="https://www.asus.com/de/">https://www.asus.com/de/</a>

**Technical Support** 

Telephone +49-1805-010923 Support Fax +49-2102-959911

Online support <a href="https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/">https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/</a>

questionform/?lang=de-de

## ASUS Czech Service s.r.o. (Europe)

Address Na Rovince 887, 720 00 Ostrava – Hrabová,

Czech Republic +420-596766888

Web site https://www.asus.com/cz/

**Technical Support** 

Telephone

Telephone +420-596-766-891 Fax +420-596-766-329

E-mail advance.rma.eu@asus.com

Online Support https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/

questionform/?lang=cs-cz

A-4 Appendix

### **ASUS** contact information

### **ASUS Holland BV (The Netherlands)**

Address Marconistraat 2, 7825GD EMMEN, The Netherlands

Web site <a href="https://www.asus.com/nl/">https://www.asus.com/nl/</a>

**Technical Support** 

Telephone +31-(0)591-5-70292 Fax +31-(0)591-666853

E-mail advance.rma.eu@asus.com

Online Support https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/

questionform/?lang=nl-nl

ASUS Polska Sp. z o.o. (Poland)

Address Ul. Postępu 6, 02-676 Warszawa, Poland

Web site <a href="https://www.asus.com/pl/">https://www.asus.com/pl/</a>

**Technical Support** 

Telephone +48-225718033

Online Support <a href="https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/">https://www.asus.com/support/Product/ContactUs/Services/</a>

questionform/?lang=pl-pl

**ASK-Service (Russia and CIS)** 

Address г. Москва, ул. Орджоникидзе, д.10, Россия

Telephone (495) 640-32-75

Web site https://www.asus.com/ru/

**Technical Support** 

Telephone 008-800-100-ASUS (008-800-100-2787)

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